



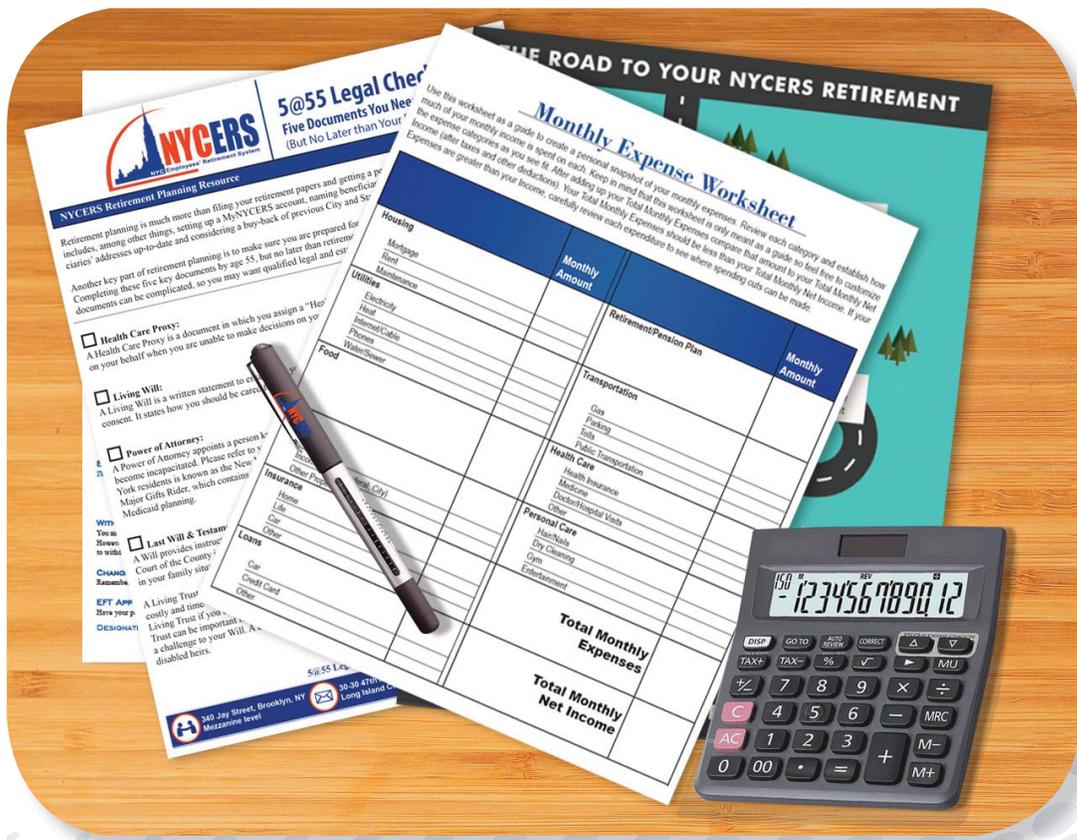
Comprehensive Pre-Retirement Planning Guide

**Tier 3 Uniformed Correction Force,
Uniformed Correction Force and
District Attorney Investigators
22-Year Retirement Plans**

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Pre-Retirement Planning





Create a Monthly Budget

A monthly budget is an invaluable tool for tracking how much money you have coming into your household, and how much money is being spent. This is commonly referred to as cash flow. The goal of every worker is to have a positive cash flow, meaning your income is greater than your expenses, leaving you with a surplus of cash at the end of every month which you can then save or invest. A negative cash flow occurs when more money is being spent than brought in to the household, leaving you strapped for cash at the end of the month. In many cases this shortfall of cash is supplemented with high interest credit card debt, or dipping into savings or retirement accounts.

To create your monthly budget, use the sample worksheet on page 7 as a guide to list your monthly expenses.

After adding up all of your expenses, subtract your Total Monthly Net Income (after taxes and deductions) from your Total Monthly Expenses. If the result is a negative number, review your expenses and decide where cuts can be made. Set goals for yourself to eliminate unnecessary spending and try to identify areas where you can get a better price for similar products or services. One example might be to downgrade your cable subscription, or replace it all together with a streaming service.

Make Saving a Habit

One of the most important steps you can take toward reaching your financial goals for retirement is getting into the habit of saving. Get in the habit of setting aside a small fraction of your paycheck and try to increase that amount over time by eliminating unnecessary expenses from your monthly budget.

Make Your Money Work for You

When it comes to saving, your two best friends are time and compounding interest.

The money you save in a savings account, in your 401(k) plan, mutual funds or Deferred Compensation (Deferred Comp) account, earns interest or investment earnings. When you leave the money there, over time you also earn interest on your interest, or earnings on your earnings.

Example:

You place \$1,200.00 into an account that gives you 5% interest compounded annually. At the end of the first year, your first interest payment is \$60.00, giving you a total of \$1,260.00. Remember that the interest rate is always added to the total balance of your account. This means that at the end of Year 2, you will earn 5% interest on \$1,260.00. As a result your interest payment rises to \$63.00, giving you a total of \$1,323.00.

As you can see in the table below, these interest payments continue to grow as long as you do not withdraw anything from the account. Just by leaving your initial deposit of \$1,200 untouched, the interest earned over the course of 10 years totals \$754.67.

COMPOUND INTEREST EARNED ON \$1,200 DEPOSIT OVER TEN YEARS										
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Interest Earned	\$60.00	\$63.00	\$66.15	\$69.46	\$72.93	\$76.58	\$80.41	\$84.43	\$88.65	\$93.08
Total Account Value	\$1,260.00	\$1,323.00	\$1,389.15	\$1,458.61	\$1,531.54	\$1,608.11	\$1,688.52	\$1,772.95	\$1,861.59	\$1,954.67

However, to take full advantage of compounding interest, it is important to save habitually and regularly. The chart below shows what happens with a savings goal of \$100.00 every month, equaling \$1,200.00 per year for 10 years.

COMPOUND INTEREST EARNED ON MONTHLY \$100 DEPOSIT OVER TEN YEARS										
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Monthly Deposit of \$100	\$1,200.00	\$2,400.00	\$3,600.00	\$4,800.00	\$6,000.00	\$7,200.00	\$8,400.00	\$9,600.00	\$10,800.00	\$12,000.00
Total Interest Earned	\$32.26	\$126.13	\$284.69	\$511.18	\$809.00	\$1,181.71	\$1,633.05	\$2,166.96	\$2,787.57	\$3,499.21
Total Account Value	\$1,232.26	\$2,526.13	\$3,884.69	\$5,311.18	\$6,809.00	\$8,381.71	\$10,033.05	\$11,766.96	\$13,587.57	\$15,499.21

As you can see, the compounding interest earned by saving regularly can significantly boost your retirement nest egg. At the end of the 10-year period, the \$12,000 you saved from your earnings earned \$3,499.21 in interest payments, giving you a total of \$15,499.21.

Get an Early Start!

Although it is never too late to start saving, starting early will allow your savings more time to grow.

A 20-year-old who saves \$1,000 a year for 11 years in a row, then stops but leaves the money there to earn 7% interest, will have \$168,514 at age 65.

However, a 30-year-old who starts saving \$1,000 a year for 35 years, also earning 7%, will have only \$147,913 at age 65. Even though the 30-year-old has put in more money for more years, the money has less time to earn that compound interest.

(Source: The Department of Labor, dol.gov)

Explore Additional Resources for Planning Retirement

Financial Planning Seminars

The Financial Planning Center was established by the Office of Labor Relations to provide free educational seminars for City of New York employees. The Financial Planning Center currently offers more than a dozen seminars, presented by Certified Financial Planner™ professionals at its on-site location at 22 Cortlandt Street.

<http://www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/financialplanning/financial-planning-seminars.page>

New York City Deferred Compensation Plan (Deferred Comp)

If you are a member of the pension system and expect to collect Social Security during retirement, you may be wondering whether a Deferred Comp account will benefit you. While a pension and Social Security provide a foundation for retirement, these two income sources alone may not be enough to live comfortably and cover expenses adequately.

<http://www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/deferred/dcphome.page>

New York City Employee IRA

The New York City Employee Individual Retirement Account (NYCE IRA) is a tax-favored retirement savings vehicle. The NYCE IRA includes both a traditional IRA and a Roth IRA for the exclusive benefit of employees and former employees of the City of New York and their respective spouses.

<http://www1.nyc.gov/site/olr/nyceira/nyceirahome.page>

Monthly Expense Worksheet

Use this worksheet as a guide to create a personal snapshot of your monthly expenses. Review each category and establish how much of your monthly income is spent on each. Keep in mind that this worksheet is only meant as a guide so feel free to customize the expense categories as you see fit. After adding up your Total Monthly Expenses compare that amount to your Total Monthly Net Income (after taxes and other deductions). Your Total Monthly Expenses should be less than your Total Monthly Net Income. If your Expenses are greater than your Income, carefully review each expenditure to see where spending cuts can be made.

	Monthly Amount		Monthly Amount
Housing Mortgage Rent Maintenance		Retirement/Pension Plan	
Utilities Electricity Heat Internet/Cable Phones Water/Sewer		Transportation Gas Parking Tolls Public Transportation	
Food		Health Care Health Insurance Medicine Doctor/Hospital Visits Other	
Taxes Real Estate Income (State, Federal, City) Other Property Taxes		Personal Care Hair/Nails Dry Cleaning Gym Entertainment	
Insurance Home Life Car Other		Total Monthly Expenses	
Loans Car Credit Card Other		Total Monthly Net Income	



5@55 Legal Checklist

Five Documents You Need by Age 55 (But No Later than Your Retirement)

NYCERS Retirement Planning Resource

September 2015

Retirement planning is much more than filing your retirement papers and getting a pension check each month. Planning includes, among other things, setting up a MyNYCERS account, naming beneficiaries, keeping your own and your beneficiaries' addresses up-to-date and considering a buy-back of previous City and State service time.

Another key part of retirement planning is to make sure you are prepared for the health and legal needs you may face. Completing these five key documents by age 55, but no later than retirement, will help you have peace of mind. These documents can be complicated, so you may want qualified legal and estate planning assistance in preparing them.

Health Care Proxy:

A Health Care Proxy is a document in which you assign a "Health Care Agent" who has power to make medical decisions on your behalf when you are unable to make decisions on your own.

Living Will:

A Living Will is a written statement to ensure that your medical wishes are honored if you are unable to express informed consent. It states how you should be cared for in an emergency or if you are otherwise incapacitated.

Power of Attorney:

A Power of Attorney appoints a person known as your "agent," who handles your legal and financial affairs should you become incapacitated. Please refer to your State's Durable Power of Attorney Standard Form. The standard form for New York residents is known as the New York State Statutory Short Form Power of Attorney. This form includes a Statutory Major Gifts Rider, which contains important powers necessary for making lifetime gifts as well as implementing tax and Medicaid planning.

Last Will & Testament/Living Trust:

A Will provides instructions on the distribution of your assets upon your death and goes through probate in the Surrogate's Court of the County in which you resided. You should review and update your Will every few years, adapting it to changes in your family situation, assets or state laws.

A Living Trust can take the place of or be executed in addition to a Will. A Living Trust bypasses probate, which can be costly and time-consuming. It enables your named trustee to carry out your instructions as you have documented in your Living Trust if you become incapable of managing your financial, healthcare and legal affairs or upon your death. A Living Trust can be important if your assets are in more than one state, you have complex family circumstances or you anticipate a challenge to your Will. A Living Trust can also shelter your assets from creditors and provide for special needs of disabled heirs.

5@55 Legal Checklist #726 - Page 1 of 2



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www.nycers.org

Location of Key Documents, Accounts and Online Accounts:

Keeping a list of all your important papers, accounts and online accounts, including their locations, is important to assist your family or agent in the event you become incapacitated or die. Your list should include the following along with their locations:

- Will, power of attorney, health care proxy, trust agreements
- Names and contact information of people to notify if you are incapacitated or pass away
- Safe deposit box and key
- Combination or key to safe
- Life, health, long-term care, homeowners, car insurance policies
- Car ownership papers
- Banking and savings accounts
- Credit and debit cards
- Brokerage accounts
- Retirement and deferred compensation/IRA accounts
- Employment contracts
- Titles and deeds
- Notes and mortgages
- Tax filings
- Stored and loaned items
- Your birth certificate
- Military discharge papers
- Marriage certificates, divorce and separation papers
- Spouse and children's records
- Passport
- Copies of NYCERS applications (beneficiaries, retirement option)
- Social Security Card

The list of your online accounts should include:

- Website address of each account
- Name of each account
- Your user name and password for each account
- All of your email addresses

The documents listed above can be complicated, so you may want to seek qualified legal and estate planning assistance in preparing them.



Tier 3 Uniformed Correction Force, Uniformed Correction Force and District Attorney Investigators 22-Year Retirement Plans



NYCERS
NYC Employees' Retirement System

Correction Force 20-Year Retirement Plan

Tier 3 MAY 2019

This brochure describes the benefits of the Correction Force Member 20-Year Retirement Plan (CF-20 Plan). The CF-20 Plan is available ONLY to NYCERS members employed by the NYC Department of Correction in a series of Correction Force Titles (CFTs).

The following CFTs are eligible to participate in the CF-20 Plan: Correction Officer below the rank of Captain, Correction Captain, Assistant Deputy Warden (Warden Correction Level I), Deputy Warden (Warden Correction Level II), Deputy Warden-in-Command (Warden Correction Level III), Warden or Deputy Chief (Warden Correction Level III), or Chief of Department (Warden Correction).

PARTICIPATION

Participation in the CF-20 Plan is MANDATORY for any person who becomes a NYCERS member AND is employed in a CFT for the first time on or after October 19, 2004. No NYCERS member, Correction Force or otherwise, can elect this plan on an OPTIONAL basis.

Participants who cease to hold a CFT will no longer be able to participate in the CF-20 Plan.

Participants who terminate service from a CFT and return to a CFT at a later date will again be required to participate in the CF-20 Plan.

CONTRIBUTIONS

As a Tier 3 member you are required to contribute 4.61% of your gross wages until the earlier of attaining age 65 or reaching your tenth anniversary of service. These contributions are referred to as Basic Member Contributions (BMCs) and they are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (MCAF).

As a member of the CF-20 Plan, you are also required to contribute Additional Member Contributions (AMCs) of 4.61%. AMCs must be paid on all gross wages for all service rendered in a CFT on or after October 19, 2004 and are required for the first 20 years of service rendered in a CFT.

AMCs are maintained in the Retirement Reserve Fund (RRF), which is an account maintained separately from the MCAF account. Both funds earn interest at a rate of 5%, compounded annually.

All contributions are Federal tax deferred, meaning that you do not pay Federal taxes on the contributions, only New York State and local taxes. Contributions made while on Union leave are not Federal tax deferred.

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required BMCs or AMCs will result in a deficit. If a deficit is identified prior to retirement, steps will be taken to resolve the deficit. In the event of a deficit at retirement in the MCAF account (BMCs) or in the RRF account (AMCs), an actuarial reduction can be applied to the pension benefit.

LOANS

CF-20 Plan participants may borrow from the BMCs held in the MCAF account. Loans are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the MCAF account. Any loans taken are subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the MCAF account. For additional information, please contact Brochure #11 for additional information.

CORRECTION SERVICE

Correction Service is defined as Membership Service while employed in a CFT and service rendered in another uniformed force (NYC Housing Police, NYC Transit Police, NYC Department of Sanitation, NYC Police Department or NYC Fire Department) immediately prior to your appointment to a CFT, provided that such other uniformed service was credited by NYCERS or transferred from the NYC Police Pension Fund or NYC Fire Department Pension Fund.

Allowable Correction Service also includes certain Military Service, Union Leave Service, and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave and/or up to 6 months of previous service in a CFT.

Allowable Correction Service does not include other public service rendered in New York State or New York City, e.g., service rendered in a clerical position in another agency.

Correction Force 20-Year Retirement Plan #917 - Page 1

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Correction Officer 25-Year Retirement Plan



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Tier 3

October 2022

This brochure describes the benefits of the Correction Officer 25-Year Retirement Plan (CO-25 Plan). The CO-25 Plan is available ONLY to members of the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction who became Tier 3 NYCERS members before December 19, 1990 (the start date of the Correction Officer 20-Year Plan).

CONTRIBUTIONS

Effective October 1, 2000, Tier 3 participants are required to contribute 3% of their pensionable gross wages until they attain 10 years of Credited Service or reach the tenth anniversary of their membership date – whichever is earlier. These contributions are referred to as Basic Member Contributions (BMCs) and they are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (MCAF).

All contributions are Federal tax deferred, meaning that a member does not pay Federal taxes on the contributions, only New York State and local taxes. Contributions made while on Union leave are **not** Federal tax deferred.

Please note: If participants were previously enrolled in another special plan, AMC's may still be required under the previous plan(s).

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required contributions will result in a deficit in the Basic Member Contributions (BMCs). If the deficit is identified prior to retirement, NYCERS will certify payroll deductions (where applicable) and notify the member so they can resolve the deficit.

If there is a deficit at retirement, an actuarial reduction (a lifetime reduction to your pension based on your deficit amount) can be applied to resolve the deficit.

LOANS

CO-25 Plan participants have the ability to borrow up to 75% of the BMCs held in the MCAF account. Any loans taken are subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Tier 3 members. Please consult the Loans Brochure #911 for additional information.

CREDITED SERVICE

Below is a listing of the different types of Credited Service, followed by a brief explanation of each.

Membership Service – Paid full-time or part-time service on the payroll of a Participating Employer rendered after joining NYCERS, including certain military service. Transferred Service also counts as Membership Service for purposes of establishing eligibility and calculating benefits.

Transferred Service – Service credited while a member of another public employee retirement system in New York City or New York State which has not been terminated and which is transferred to NYCERS.

Purchased Service (Buy-Back) – Previous full-time or part-time public service rendered in the employ of a public entity anywhere in New York City or New York State that has been fully paid for and credited (also see the following section on Child Care Leave).

Membership Reinstatement – Service credited after the restoration of a previous membership in a public employee retirement system in New York City or New York State which had been terminated.

Military Service – Service rendered in active military duty which has been purchased pursuant to Federal or state law.

Union Leave Service – Service rendered while on an authorized leave of absence without pay to conduct labor relations activity on behalf of a public employee union.

Part-Time Service – Service (Membership, Purchased and/or Transferred) equal to less than 1,827 hours in a calendar year.

CHILD CARE LEAVE

Participants in the CO-25 Plan may purchase up to one year of service credit for each instance of authorized child care leave* if they:

- Are in active service; AND
- Apply within 90 days of the termination of the child care leave by filing an Application to Purchase Service for Child Care Leave Form #246; AND
- Pay an amount equal to what their required contributions would have been during the child care leave, plus accrued interest.

* You can only receive up to one year of service for each period of authorized child care leave.

REFUNDS

CO-25 Plan participants who have rendered less than 10 years of Credited Service and who leave City service may apply for a refund of BMCs, plus accrued interest, effectively terminating their membership. Members with between 5 and 10 years of Credited Service must also waive their right to a Vested Retirement Benefit. Refunds of BMCs are not possible for members with 10 or more years of Credited Service.



VESTED RETIREMENT

If a participant ends their employment with at least five years of Credited Service, two of which are Membership Service, they are entitled to a Vested Retirement Benefit. The Vested Retirement Benefit is payable at age 62 and is calculated using the following formula:

For members with less than 20 years of Credited Service:

- ▶ 1 2/3% times Final Average Salary (FAS) times years of Credited Service

For members with 20 or more years of Credited Service:

- ▶ 2% times FAS times years of Credited Service

Vested CO-25 Plan members may elect to receive their Vested Retirement Benefit in the form of an Early Service Retirement Benefit, which is payable as early as age 55 and results in a permanent reduction in your retirement benefit.

The following table shows the percentage reduction for various ages:

Age Payment Begins	Percentage of Benefit Reduction
61	6.7%
60	13.3%
59	16.7%
58	20.0%
57	23.3%
56	26.7%
55	30.0%

PLEASE NOTE: The percentages shown in the table assume retirement at exact ages for illustration purposes. Retirement between ages will be calculated on a prorated basis per month.

SERVICE RETIREMENT

Participants in the CO-25 Plan are eligible to receive a Service Retirement Benefit upon attaining 25 years of Credited Service without regard to age.

The Service Retirement Benefit is 50% of FAS (the benefit cannot exceed this amount).

FAS is defined as the greater of:

- The average of wages earned during any three consecutive calendar years, **OR**
- The average of wages earned during the 36 months immediately preceding your retirement date.

Note: Wages earned in any year used in the FAS computation cannot exceed more than 10% of the average of the previous two years.

RETIREMENT FROM UNDERLYING PLAN

Participants in the CO-20, CC-20, or CF-20 Plans who are not eligible for service retirement under these special plans may retire under CO-25, assuming service requirements have been met for the underlying plan.

DISABILITY RETIREMENT

Members of the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction who become physically or mentally incapacitated and can no longer perform the duties of their job title may apply for Disability Retirement Benefits. There are four separate disability provisions in the NYS Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) under which they may qualify. The chart on page 3 summarizes the qualifications and the benefits provided under each of these provisions. In addition, such members are covered under certain disability provisions described in the following section Other Disability Benefits.

OTHER DISABILITY BENEFITS

Heart Law (207o)

The Heart Law provides a presumption to members of the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction that a disease of the heart was incurred in the performance of duty. Members of the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction who are approved for disability under the Heart Law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease of the heart. This presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

Hepatitis, AIDS and Tuberculosis (HAT) Law (507c)

The HAT Law provides that a member of the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction who contracts HIV (where they may have been exposed to bodily fluids of an inmate or a person confined to an institution under the jurisdiction of the NYC Department of Correction or Department of Health), tuberculosis or hepatitis, will be presumed to have contracted such disease in the performance and discharge of duty. Members approved for disability under this law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease. The presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.



World Trade Center Disability Law (507c)

The World Trade Center (WTC) Disability Law provides that NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that any current or future disability caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

CORRECTION FORCE DISABILITY PROVISIONS AT-A-GLANCE

	Ordinary	Accidental	Dual Purpose Disability Statute	Performance-of-Duty (also see HAT Law, p. 2)
RSSL Section	506	507	507-a	507-c
What is the service requirement?	5 or more years of Credited Service	None	10 or more years of Credited Service. If less than 10 years, may qualify if injury is due to on-the-job accident.	None
How does the member qualify for disability?	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits.	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled as the natural and proximate result of an accident sustained in active service and not the result of their own willful negligence and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits. NYCERS' Medical Board must also determine if the injury was caused by an accident.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is physically or mentally incapacitated and cannot perform the duties of their job title. If the member has less than 10 years of service, the Medical Board must also determine if the injury was the natural and proximate result of an accident not caused by their own willful negligence.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is disabled as the natural and proximate result of injuries sustained in the performance of duties by an act of an inmate or any person confined under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction or Department of Health.
How is the disability benefit calculated?	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 2% times FAS times Credited Service up to 30 years. Benefit reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	60% times FAS reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 1 2/3% times FAS times Credited Service OR The Service Retirement Benefit, if eligible for Service retirement	75% times FAS, reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit

DEATH BENEFITS

In the event of a member's death prior to retirement, their beneficiary/beneficiaries may be entitled to a death benefit. There are two primary types of death benefits: an Ordinary Death Benefit and an Accidental Death Benefit.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is:

- Three times the member's salary, *plus*
- A refund of their BMCs, plus interest, *and*
- A refund of the member's AMCs, plus interest.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is payable only if the member was in City service for at least 90 days and was in active service at the time of their death.

The Accidental Death Benefit is an annual pension of 50% of the member's wages during their last year of City service.

The Accidental Death Benefit is payable to an Eligible Beneficiary (defined in law in a priority order, not designated by you) if the member was in active service at the time of their death and their death was the result of an accident sustained in the performance of duties.

Heart Law-Accidental Death Benefit

Members of the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction who die from a disease of the heart may be entitled to a presumption that the disease was incurred in the performance of duty, unless the contrary is proven by competent medical evidence. Their Eligible Beneficiary/Beneficiaries would be entitled to the Accidental Death Benefit and Special Accidental Death Benefit (described on the next column) which are paid in accordance with the relevant statutes that govern such benefits.

World Trade Center Law-Accidental Death Benefit

The World Trade Center (WTC) Law provides that deceased NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that their death was caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health which arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

SPECIAL ACCIDENTAL DEATH BENEFIT

A Special Accidental Death Benefit is a supplemental monthly payment in addition to the Accidental Death Benefit of 50% of Wages. The effect of this benefit is to continue paying the equivalent of the decedent's salary including earned overtime, night differential, longevity payments and any other type of pensionable earnings, where applicable.

If the member was in the uniformed force of the NYC Department of Correction and died of injuries sustained in the line of duty as the natural and proximate result of an accident, not caused by their own willful negligence, or while in military service, the benefit is paid to

- The widow/widower; OR
- The children of the deceased (under 18 years of age or under the age of 23 if a student) if the widow/widower is deceased.

The Special Accidental Death Benefit is generally increased annually by a percentage determined on the basis of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The maximum potential benefit will be reduced by the basic amount of any Social Security survivors' benefit and Workers' Compensation award.



Correction Officer 20-Year Retirement Plan



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Tier 3

October 2022

This brochure describes the benefits of the Correction Officer 20-Year Retirement Plan (CO-20 Plan). The CO-20 Plan is available **only** to NYCERS members employed by the NYC Department of Correction in a Correction Officer Title (COT) below the rank of Captain for the first time prior to October 19, 2004.

PARTICIPATION

Any Tier 3 member who was employed in a COT below the rank of Captain on December 19, 1990, had the option to participate in the CO-20 Plan by filing an election form with NYCERS by June 17, 1991. **This option has expired.**

Anyone who was a Tier 3 member prior to December 19, 1990 in a title other than a COT who subsequently became employed in a COT had an option to join the CO-20 Plan. To participate in this plan, the member must have filed an Election of 20-Year Retirement Program (CO-20), Form #165, within 180 days of becoming employed in a COT. **This election is irrevocable.**

Participation in the CO-20 Plan was MANDATORY for any person who became employed in a COT for the first time between December 19, 1990 and October 19, 2004.

Participants who cease to hold a COT will no longer be able to participate in the CO-20 Plan.

Participants who terminate service from a COT and return to a COT at a later date will again be required to participate in the CO-20 Plan.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Effective October 1, 2000, Tier 3 participants are required to contribute 3% of their pensionable gross wages until they attain 10 years of Credited Service or reach the tenth anniversary of their membership date – whichever is earlier. These contributions are referred to as Basic Member Contributions (BMCs) and they are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (MCAF).

As a member of the CO-20 Plan, participants are also required to contribute Additional Member Contributions (AMCs). The following chart specifies a member's AMC rate based on when they became employed in a COT and a NYCERS member.

First Employed in a COT and a NYCERS Member	Additional Member Contribution Rate
Prior to July 1, 1988	5.11%
After June 30, 1988	3.61%

AMCs must be paid on all pensionable gross wages earned for all service rendered in a COT on or after December 19, 1990 and are required for the first 20 years of service rendered in a COT.

AMCs are maintained in the Retirement Reserve Fund (RRF), which is an account maintained separately from the MCAF account. Both funds earn interest at a rate of 5%, compounded annually.

All contributions are Federal tax deferred, meaning that a member does not pay Federal taxes on the contributions, only New York State and local taxes. Contributions made while on Union leave are **not** Federal tax deferred.

Please note: If participants were previously enrolled in another special plan, AMCs may still be required under the previous plan(s).

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required contributions will result in a deficit in either the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (BMCs) or the Retirement Reserve Fund (AMCs). If the deficit is identified prior to retirement, NYCERS will certify payroll deductions (where applicable) and notify the member so they can resolve the deficit.

If a deficit exists in the RRF account at retirement, the deficit must be resolved before the participant may collect a Service Retirement Benefit.

If a deficit exists in the RRF account and a participant with enough service to vest in the CO-20 Plan is discontinuing City service, the deficit must be paid in order to receive the Vested Retirement Benefit specified in the CO-20 Plan.

LOANS

CO-20 Plan participants may borrow up to 75% of the BMCs held in the MCAF account. Participants may not borrow any portion of the AMCs held in the RRF account. Any loans taken are subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Tier 3 members. Please consult the Loans Brochure #911 for additional information.

CREDITED SERVICE VS. ALLOWABLE SERVICE

Credited Service

Credited Service includes most public service rendered in New York City or New York State. Credited Service includes: Membership Service, Transferred Service, all Purchased Service, Military Service, Union Leave Service, Part-time Service and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave.

ONCE AN ELECTION TO PARTICIPATE IN THE CO-20 PLAN IS FILED WITH NYCERS IT MAY NOT BE REVOKED.

Correction Officer 20-Year Retirement Plan #918 – Page 1

Allowable Correction Service

Allowable Correction Service is defined as service while employed in a COT and service rendered in another uniformed force (NYC Housing Police, NYC Transit Police, NYC Department of Sanitation, NYC Police Department or NYC Fire Department) immediately prior to your appointment to a COT, provided that such other uniformed service was credited by NYCERS or transferred from the NYC Police Pension Fund or NYC Fire Department Pension Fund.

Allowable Correction Service also includes certain Military Service, Union Leave Service and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave and previous service in a COT.

Allowable Correction Service **does not** include other public service rendered in New York State or New York City, e.g., service rendered in a clerical position in another agency.

Participants who were mandated in the CO-20 Plan because they became employed in a COT and a NYCERS member after December 19, 1990, may retire under the CO-20 Plan with 20 years of **Allowable Correction Service**, regardless of age. **Only Allowable Correction Service can be used to qualify for Service retirement from the CO-20 plan for these participants.**

Non-mandated participants may retire under the CO-20 Plan with 20 years of **Credited Service** regardless of age.

CHILD CARE LEAVE

Participants in the CO-20 Plan may purchase up to one year of service credit for each instance of authorized child care leave* if they:

- Are in active service; AND
- Apply within 90 days of termination of the child care leave by filing an Application to Purchase Service for Child Care Leave Form #246; AND
- Pay an amount equal to what their required contributions would have been during the child care leave, **plus** accrued interest.

* You can only receive up to one year of service for each period of authorized child care leave.

REFUNDS

Plan participants who have rendered less than 10 years of Credited Service and who leave City service may apply for a refund of BMCs, plus accrued interest, effectively terminating their membership. Members with between 5 and 10 years of Credited Service must also waive their right to a Vested Retirement Benefit. Refunds of BMCs are not possible for members with 10 or more years of Credited Service.

Participants who have rendered less than 15 years of service in a Correction Officer Title may withdraw their AMCs, plus

accrued interest if:

- They no longer hold a COT; OR
- They change titles to a non-COT title and remain in City service. In this case, after receiving the refund of AMCs, the participant will no longer be entitled to a benefit under the CO-20 Plan, but will be entitled to a benefit from their underlying plan (assuming service requirements have been met).

Refunds of AMCs are not possible for participants who have rendered 15 or more years of service in a COT, or for participants who die prior to October 19, 2004. A participant who is no longer employed as a Correction Officer and withdraws their AMCs (and earned interest), who later becomes a participant again, will be charged with a deficiency (including 5% per-annum statutory interest) calculated as if the AMCs had never been paid. Payment of a deficiency can be made in a lump-sum or through payroll deductions.

VESTED RETIREMENT

If a participant ends their employment with at least 5 (but less than 20) years of Service,** two years of which are Membership Service, they will be entitled to a Vested Retirement Benefit. The Vested Retirement Benefit is calculated using the following formula:

$$2.5\% \text{ times Final Average Salary (FAS) times Years of Service**}$$

This benefit becomes payable on the date the participant would have completed 20 years of Service.**

SERVICE RETIREMENT

Participants in the CO-20 Plan are eligible to receive a Service Retirement Benefit upon attaining 20 years of Service,** regardless of age. The Service Retirement Benefit is calculated using the following formula:

$$50\% \text{ of FAS for the first 20 years of Service,** plus } 1 \frac{2}{3}\% \text{ times FAS times the number of years of Service,** in excess of 20, up to a maximum of 30 years.}$$

Note: Members who have purchased Military Service may not exceed the 30-year maximum benefit cap with such service.

FAS is defined as the greater of:

The average of wages earned during any three consecutive calendar years, **OR**

The average of wages earned during the 36 months immediately preceding your retirement date.

Note: Wages earned in any year used in the FAS computation cannot exceed more than 10% of the average of the previous two years.

The escalation of benefits provisions applicable to Tier 3 general members do not apply to CO-20 Plan participants.

**** Refer to the section “Credited Service vs. Allowable Service” on pages 1 and 2 for definitions of service.**



RETIREMENT FROM UNDERLYING PLAN

Participants, in the CO-20 Plan, including vested members who have left City service, who do NOT meet the 20-year Allowable Service requirement to retire under the CO-20 Plan may retire under the CO-25 Plan (see the Correction Officer 25-Year Retirement Plan Brochure (#920) or the Tier 3 62/5 Plan, as applicable, assuming service requirements have been met for the underlying plan.

DISABILITY RETIREMENT

Members in a Correction Officer Title who become physically or mentally incapacitated and can no longer perform the duties of their job title may apply for Disability Retirement Benefits. There are four separate disability provisions in the NYS Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) under which they may qualify. The chart below summarizes the qualifications and the benefits provided under each of these provisions. In addition, members in a Correction Officer Title are covered under certain special disability provisions described in the section Other Disability Benefits on page 4.

CORRECTION FORCE DISABILITY PROVISIONS AT-A-GLANCE

	Ordinary	Accidental	Dual Purpose Disability Statute	Performance-of-Duty (also see HAT Law, p. 4)
RSSL Section	506	507	507-a	507-c
What is the service requirement?	5 or more years of Credited Service	None	10 or more years of Credited Service. If less than 10 years, may qualify if injury is due to on-the-job accident.	None
How does the member qualify for disability?	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits.	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled as the natural and proximate result of an accident sustained in active service and not the result of their own willful negligence and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits. NYCERS' Medical Board must also determine if the injury was caused by an accident.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is physically or mentally incapacitated and cannot perform the duties of their job title. If the member has less than 10 years of service, the Medical Board must also determine if the injury was the natural and proximate result of an accident not caused by their own willful negligence.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is disabled as the natural and proximate result of injuries sustained in the performance of duties by an act of an inmate or any person confined under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction or Department of Health.
How is the disability benefit calculated?	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 2% times FAS times Credited Service up to 30 years. Benefit reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	60% times FAS reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 1 2/3% times FAS times Credited Service OR The Service Retirement Benefit, if eligible for Service retirement	75% times FAS, reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit



OTHER DISABILITY BENEFITS

Heart Law (207o)

The Heart Law provides a presumption that a disease of the heart was incurred in the performance of duty. Members in a Correction Officer Title who are approved for disability under the Heart Law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease of the heart. This presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

Hepatitis, AIDS and Tuberculosis (HAT) Law (507c)

The HAT Law provides that a member in a Correction Officer Title who contracts HIV (where they may have been exposed to bodily fluids of an inmate or a person confined to an institution under the jurisdiction of the NYC Department of Correction or Department of Health) tuberculosis or hepatitis, will be presumed to have contracted such disease in the performance and discharge of duty. Members approved for disability under this law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease. The presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

World Trade Center Disability Law (507c)

The World Trade Center (WTC) Disability Law provides that NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that any current or future disability caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

DEATH BENEFITS

In the event of a member's death prior to retirement, their beneficiary/beneficiaries may be entitled to a death benefit. There are two primary types of death benefits: Ordinary Death Benefit and Accidental Death Benefit.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is:

- Three times the member's salary, *plus*
- A refund of their BMCs, plus interest, *and*
- A refund of the member's AMCs, plus interest, if they have less than 15 years of service in a COT or if they die on or after October 19, 2004.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is payable only if the member was in City service for at least 90 days and was in active service at the time of their death.

The Accidental Death Benefit is an annual benefit of 50% of the member's wages during their last year of City service.

The Accidental Death Benefit is payable to an Eligible Beneficiary (defined in law in a priority order, not designated by you) if the member was in active service at the time of their death and their death was the result of an accidental injury sustained in the performance of duties

Heart Law-Accidental Death Benefit

Members in a Correction Officer Title who die from a disease of the heart may be entitled to a presumption that the disease was incurred in the performance of duty, unless the contrary is proven by competent medical evidence. Their Eligible Beneficiary/Beneficiaries would be entitled to the Accidental Death Benefit and Special Accidental Death Benefit (described below) which are paid in accordance with the relevant statutes that govern such benefits.

World Trade Center Law-Accidental Death Benefit

The World Trade Center (WTC) Law provides that deceased NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that their death was caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health which arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

SPECIAL ACCIDENTAL DEATH BENEFIT

A Special Accidental Death Benefit is a supplemental monthly payment in addition to the Accidental Death Benefit of 50% of Wages. The effect of this benefit is to continue paying the equivalent of the decedent's salary including earned overtime, night differential, longevity payments and any other type of pensionable earnings, where applicable.

If the member was in a Correction Officer Title and died of injuries sustained in the line of duty as the natural and proximate result of an accident, not caused by their own willful negligence, or while in military service, the benefit is paid to:

- The widow/widower: OR
- The children of the deceased (under 18 years of age or under the age of 23 if a student) **if** the widow/widower is deceased.

The Special Accidental Death Benefit is generally increased annually by a percentage determined on the basis of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The maximum potential benefit will be reduced by the basic amount of any Social Security survivors' benefit and Workers' Compensation award.



Correction Captain 20-Year Retirement Plan



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Tier 3

October 2022

This brochure describes the benefits of the 20-Year Retirement Plan for Correction Officers of the rank of Captain or above (CC-20 Plan).

The CC-20 Plan is available ONLY to NYCERS members of the rank of Captain or above who became employed by the NYC Department of Correction in a Correction Officer Title (COT) for the first time prior to October 19, 2004.

PARTICIPATION

Any Tier 3 member of NYCERS who was employed in a COT of the rank of Captain or above on August 4, 1993 had the option to participate in the CC-20 Plan by filing an election form with NYCERS by November 3, 1993. **This option has expired.**

Any Tier 3 member of NYCERS prior to August 4, 1993 who subsequently becomes employed in a COT of the rank of Captain or above has an option to participate in the CC-20 Plan. An election form to participate in this plan (Form #166) must be filed within 90 days of becoming employed in a COT in the rank of Captain or above. **This election is irrevocable.**

Participation in the CC-20 Plan is MANDATORY for any person who became a NYC Correction Officer of the rank of Captain or above AND a Tier 3 member of NYCERS after August 4, 1993 but before October 19, 2004.

Participants who cease to hold a COT of the rank of Captain or above will no longer be able to participate in the CC-20 Plan.

Participants who terminate service from a COT of the rank of Captain or above and later return to the same title will again be required to participate in the CC-20 Plan.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Effective October 1, 2000, Tier 3 participants are required to contribute 3% of their pensionable gross wages until they attain 10 years of Credited Service or reach the tenth anniversary of their membership date – whichever is earlier. These contributions are referred to as Basic Member Contributions (BMCs) and they are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (MCAF).

As a member of the CC-20 Plan, you are also required to contribute Additional Member Contributions (AMCs) as follows:

- ▶ 5.11% of pensionable gross wages for all service rendered in a COT on or after December 19, 1990 until the present day

Except for CC-20 members who were members of the Correction Officer 20-Year Retirement Plan (CO-20 Plan):

- On October 19, 2004; **and**
- Paid an AMC rate of 3.61%; **and**
- Were promoted to the rank of Captain or above on or after October 19, 2004,

who are required to pay:

- ▶ 3.61% of gross wages for all service rendered in a COT on or after December 19, 1990 to their date of appointment as a Correction Officer of the rank of Captain or above, and 5.11% thereafter.

AMCs must be paid on all pensionable gross wages earned from service rendered in a COT on or after December 19, 1990 and are required for the first 20 years of Service.*

AMCs are maintained in the Retirement Reserve Fund (RRF), which is an account maintained separately from the MCAF account. Both funds earn interest at a rate of 5%, compounded annually.

Please note: If participants were previously enrolled in another special plan, AMCs may still be required under the previous plan(s).

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required contributions will result in a deficit in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund or the Retirement Reserve Fund (AMCs). If the deficit is identified prior to retirement, NYCERS will certify payroll deductions (where applicable) and notify the member so they can resolve the deficit.

If there is an unresolved deficit at retirement, an actuarial reduction (a lifetime reduction to your pension based on your deficit amount) can be applied to resolve the deficit.

LOANS

CC-20 Plan participants may borrow up to 75% of the BMCs held in the MCAF account but may not borrow any portion of the AMCs held in the RRF account. Any loans taken are subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Tier 4 members. Please consult the Tier 4 62/5 Summary Plan Description (SPD) or the Loans Brochure #911 for additional information.

RETIREMENT ELIGIBILITY

Participants in the CC-20 Plan who were Tier 3 members in either any City position or in a COT below the rank of Captain on December 19, 1990 may retire under the CC-20 Plan with 20 years of **Credited Service**.

ONCE AN ELECTION TO PARTICIPATE IN THE CC-20 PLAN IS FILED WITH NYCERS IT MAY NOT BE REVOKED.
* Refer to the section "Retirement Eligibility" on pages 1 and 2 to see if you are subject to Credited Service or Allowable Service.

Correction Captain 20-Year Retirement Plan #919 – Page 1



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Participants in the CC-20 Plan who were hired in a COT below the rank of Captain after December 19, 1990, may retire under the CC-20 Plan with 20 years of **Allowable Correction Service**.

Credited Service

Credited Service counts most public service rendered in New York City or New York State towards calculating your retirement benefit. Credited Service includes: Membership Service, Transferred Service, all Purchased Service, Military Service, Union Leave Service, Part-time Service and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave.

Allowable Correction Service

Allowable Correction Service is defined as Membership Service while employed in a Correction Officer Title (COT); and service rendered in another uniformed force (NYC Housing Police, NYC Transit Police, NYC Department of Sanitation, NYC Police Department or NYC Fire Department) immediately prior to your appointment to a COT provided that such other uniformed service was credited by NYCERS or transferred from the NYC Police Pension Fund or NYC Fire Department Pension Fund.

Allowable Correction Service also includes certain Military Service, Union Leave Service and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave and previous service in a COT.

Allowable Correction Service **does not** include other public service rendered in New York State or New York City, e.g., service rendered in a clerical position in another agency. **Only Allowable Service can be used to qualify for Service retirement from the CC-20 Plan.**

CHILD CARE LEAVE

Participants in the CC-20 Plan may purchase up to one year of service credit for each instance of authorized child care leave** if they:

- Are in active service, AND:
- Apply within 90 days of termination of the child care leave by filing Application to Purchase Service for Child Care Leave Form #246; AND
- Pay an amount equal to what their required contributions would have been during the child care leave, plus accrued interest.

** You can only receive up to one year of service for each period of authorized child care leave.

REFUNDS

Plan participants who have rendered less than 10 years of Credited Service and who leave City service may apply for a refund of BMCs, plus accrued interest, effectively terminating their membership. Members with between 5 and 10 years of Credited Service must also waive their right to a Vested Retirement Benefit.

Refunds of BMCs are not possible for members with 10 or more years of Credited Service.

Participants who cease to hold a COT for any reason whatsoever and who have rendered less than 15 years of Service* in a COT have the option of withdrawing their AMCs, plus accrued interest. AMCs may also be withdrawn if a participant with less than 15 years of Allowable Service in a COT changes titles to a non-COT and remains in City service. In this case, after receiving the refund of AMCs, such participant will no longer be entitled to a benefit under the CC-20 Plan, but will be entitled to a benefit from their underlying plan (assuming service requirements have been met).

Refunds of AMCs are not possible for participants with 15 or more years of Service* rendered in a COT, except in cases of death of such participants. A participant who ceases to be employed as a COT and withdraws their AMCs (and earned interest), and later becomes a participant again, will be charged with a deficit (including 5% per-annum statutory interest) calculated as if such AMCs had never been made. Payment of a deficiency can be made in a lump-sum or through payroll deductions.

VESTED RETIREMENT

If a participant ends their employment with at least five (but less than 20) years of Service*, two of which are Membership Service, they will be entitled to a Vested Retirement Benefit. The Vested Retirement Benefit is calculated using the following formula:

$$2.5\% \text{ times Final Average Salary (FAS) times Years of Service}^*$$

This benefit becomes payable on the date the participant would have completed 20 years of Service*.

SERVICE RETIREMENT

Participants in the CC-20 Plan are eligible to receive a Service Retirement Benefit upon attaining 20 or more years of Service.* The Service Retirement Benefit is calculated using the following formula:

$$50\% \text{ of FAS for the first 20 years of Service,* plus } 1 \frac{2}{3}\% \text{ times FAS times the number of years of Service}^* \text{ in excess of 20 up to a maximum of 30 years of Service}^*$$

FAS is defined as the greater of:

The average of wages earned during any three consecutive calendar years, **OR**

The average of wages earned during the 36 months immediately preceding your retirement date.

Note: Wages earned in any year used in the FAS computation cannot exceed more than 10% of the average of the previous two years.

The escalation of benefits provisions applicable to Tier 3 general members do not apply to CC-20 participants.

* Refer to the section "Retirement Eligibility" on pages 1 and 2 to see if you are subject to Credited Service or Allowable Service.

Correction Captain 20-Year Retirement Plan #919 – Page 2



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RETIREMENT FROM UNDERLYING PLAN

Participants, including vested members, in the CC-20 Plan who do NOT meet the 20-year Allowable Service requirement to retire under the CC-20 Plan may retire under the CO-25 Plan (see Correction Officer 25-Year Retirement Plan Brochure #920) or Tier 3 62/5 Plan, as applicable, assuming service requirements have been met for the underlying plan.

DISABILITY RETIREMENT

Members in a Correction Officer Title who become physically or mentally incapacitated and can no longer perform the duties of their job title may apply for Disability Retirement Benefits. There are four separate disability provisions in the NYS Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) under which they may qualify. The chart below summarizes the qualifications and the benefits provided under each of these provisions. In addition, members in a Correction Officer Title are covered under certain special disability provisions described in the section Other Disability Benefits on page 4.

CORRECTION FORCE DISABILITY PROVISIONS AT-A-GLANCE

	Ordinary	Accidental	Dual Purpose Disability Statute	Performance-of-Duty (also see HAT Law, p. 4)
RSSL Section	506	507	507-a	507-c
What is the service requirement?	5 or more years of Credited Service	None	10 or more years of Credited Service. If less than 10 years, may qualify if injury is due to on-the-job accident.	None
How does the member qualify for disability?	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits.	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled as the natural and proximate result of an accident sustained in active service and the accident was not the result of the member's own willful negligence and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits. NYCERS' Medical Board must also determine if the injury was caused by an accident.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is physically or mentally unable to perform the duties of their job title. If the member has less than 10 years of service, the Medical Board must also determine if the injury was the natural and proximate result of an accident not caused by their own willful negligence.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is disabled as the natural and proximate result of injuries sustained in the performance of duties by an act of an inmate or any person confined under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction or Department of Health.
How is the disability benefit calculated?	The greater of: 1/3 times Final Average Salary (FAS) OR 2% times FAS times Credited Service up to 30 years, reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	60% times FAS reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 1 2/3% times FAS times Credited Service, OR The Service Retirement Benefit, if eligible for Service Retirement	75% times FAS, reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit



OTHER DISABILITY BENEFITS

Heart Law (207o)

The Heart Law provides a presumption that a disease of the heart was incurred in the performance of duty. Members in a Correction Officer Title who are approved for disability under the Heart Law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease of the heart. This presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

Hepatitis, AIDS and Tuberculosis (HAT) Law (507c)

The HAT Law provides that a member in a COT who contracts HIV (where they may have been exposed to bodily fluids of an inmate or a person confined to an institution under the jurisdiction of the NYC Department of Correction or Department of Health), tuberculosis or hepatitis, will be presumed to have contracted such disease in the performance and discharge of duty. Members approved for disability under this law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease. The presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

World Trade Center Disability Law(507c)

The World Trade Center (WTC) Disability Law provides that NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that any current or future disability caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

DEATH BENEFITS

In the event of a member's death prior to retirement, their beneficiary/beneficiaries may be entitled to a death benefit. There are two primary types of death benefits: Ordinary Death Benefit and Accidental Death Benefit.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is:

- Three times the member's salary, *plus*
- A refund of their BMCs, *plus* interest, *and*
- A refund of the member's AMCs, *plus* interest.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is payable only if the member was in City service for at least 90 days and was in active service at the time of their death.

The Accidental Death Benefit is an annual benefit of 50% of the member's wages during their last year of City service.

The Accidental Death Benefit is payable to an Eligible Beneficiary (defined in law in a priority order, not designated by you) if the member was in active service at the time of their death and their death was the result of an accidental injury sustained in the performance of duties.

Heart Law - Accidental Death Benefit

Members in a Correction Officer Title who die from a disease of the heart may be entitled to a presumption that the disease was incurred in the performance of duty, unless the contrary is proven by competent medical evidence. Their Eligible Beneficiary/Beneficiaries would be entitled to the Accidental Death Benefit and Special Accidental Death Benefit which are paid in accordance with the relevant statutes(s) that govern such benefits.

World Trade Center Law - Accidental Death Benefit

The World Trade Center (WTC) Law provides that deceased NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that their death was caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health which arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

SPECIAL ACCIDENTAL DEATH BENEFIT

A Special Accidental Death Benefit is a supplemental monthly payment in addition to the Accidental Death Benefit of 50% of Wages. The effect of the Special Accidental Death Benefit is to continue paying the equivalent of the decedent's salary including earned overtime, night differential, longevity payments and any other type of pensionable earnings, where applicable.

If the member was in a Correction Officer Title and died of injuries sustained in the line of duty as the natural and proximate result of an accident, not caused by their own willful negligence, the benefit is paid to

- The widow /widower; OR
- The children of the deceased (under 18 years of age or under the age of 23 if a student) **if** the widow/widower is deceased.

The Special Accidental Death Benefit is generally increased annually by a percentage determined on the basis of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The maximum potential benefit will be reduced by the basic amount of any Social Security survivors benefit and Workers' Compensation award.



Correction Force 20-Year Retirement Plan



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Tier 3

October 2022

This brochure describes the benefits of the Correction Force Member 20-Year Retirement Plan (CF-20 Plan).

The CF-20 Plan is available ONLY to NYCERS members employed by the NYC Department of Correction in the following Correction Force Titles (CFTs):

Correction Officer below the rank of Captain, Correction Captain, Assistant Deputy Warden (Warden Correction Level I), Deputy Warden or Deputy Warden-in-Command (Warden Correction Level II), Warden or Deputy Chief (Warden Correction Level III), or Chief of Department (Warden Correction).

PARTICIPATION

Participation in the CF-20 Plan is MANDATORY for any person who is or becomes a NYCERS member AND is employed in a CFT for the first time on or after October 19, 2004 and before April 1, 2012. No NYCERS member, Correction Force or otherwise, can elect this plan on an OPTIONAL basis.

Participants who cease to hold a CFT will no longer be able to participate in the CF-20 Plan.

Participants who terminate service from a CFT and later return to a CFT will again be required to participate in the CF-20 Plan.

CONTRIBUTIONS

Effective October 1, 2000, Tier 3 participants are required to contribute 3% of their pensionable gross wages until they attain 10 years of Credited Service or reach the tenth anniversary of their membership date – whichever is earlier. These contributions are referred to as Basic Member Contributions (BMCs) and they are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (MCAF).

As a member of the CF-20 Plan (effective October 19, 2004), participants are also required to contribute Additional Member Contributions (AMCs) of 4.61%. **AMCs must be paid on all pensionable gross wages for the first 20 years of service rendered in a CFT plan.**

AMCs are maintained in the Retirement Reserve Fund (RRF), which is an account maintained separately from the MCAF account. Both funds earn interest at a rate of 5%, compounded annually.

All contributions are Federal tax deferred, meaning that a member does not pay Federal taxes on the contributions, only New York State and local taxes. Contributions made while on Union leave are **not** Federal tax deferred.

Please note: If participants were previously enrolled in another special plan, AMCs may still be required under the previous plan(s).

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required contributions will result in a deficit in either the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund (BMCs) or the Retirement Reserve Fund (AMCs). If the deficit is identified prior to retirement, NYCERS will certify payroll deductions (where applicable) and notify the member so they can resolve the deficit.

If there is a deficit at retirement, an actuarial reduction (a lifetime reduction to your pension based on your deficit amount) can be applied to resolve the deficit.

LOANS

CF-20 Plan participants may borrow up to 75% of the BMCs held in the MCAF account. Participants may not borrow any portion of the AMCs held in the RRF account. Any loans taken are subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to Tier 3 members. Please consult the Loans Brochure #911 for additional information.

ALLOWABLE CORRECTION SERVICE

Allowable Correction Service is defined as Membership Service while employed in a CFT; and service rendered in another uniformed force (NYC Housing Police, NYC Transit Police, NYC Department of Sanitation, NYC Police Department or NYC Fire Department) immediately prior to your appointment to a CFT, provided that such other uniformed service was credited by NYCERS or transferred from the NYC Police Pension Fund or NYC Fire Department Pension Fund.

Allowable Correction Service also includes certain Military Service, Union Leave Service, and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave and previous service in a CFT.

Allowable Correction Service **does not** include other public service rendered in New York State or New York City, e.g., service rendered in a clerical position in another agency.

Only Allowable Correction Service can be used to qualify for Service retirement or a Vested Retirement Benefit in the CF-20 Plan.



CHILD CARE LEAVE

Participants in the CF-20 Plan may purchase up to one year of service credit for each instance of authorized child care leave* if they:

- Are in active service, AND
- Apply within 90 days of the termination of the child care leave by filing an Application to Purchase Service for Child Care Leave (Form #246); AND
- Pay an amount equal to what their required contributions would have been during the child care leave, plus accrued interest.

* You can only receive up to one year of service for each period of authorized child care leave.

REFUNDS

Plan participants who have rendered less than 10 years of Credited Service and who leave City service may apply for a refund of BMCs, plus accrued interest, effectively terminating their membership. Members with between 5 and 10 years of Credited Service must also waive their right to a Vested Retirement Benefit. Refunds of BMCs are not possible for members with 10 or more years of Credited Service. Most public service rendered in New York City or New York State is considered credited service for the purpose of calculating your retirement benefit. Credited Service includes: Membership Service, Transferred Service, all Purchased Service, Military Service, Union Leave Service, Part-time Service and Purchased Service for periods of Child Care Leave.

Participants who have rendered less than 15 years of service in a Correction Force Title may withdraw their AMCs, plus accrued interest if:

- They no longer hold a CFT; OR
- They change titles to a non-CFT title and remain in City service. In this case, after receiving the refund of AMCs, the participant will no longer be entitled to a benefit under the CF-20 Plan, but will be entitled to a benefit from their underlying plan (assuming service requirements have been met).

Refunds of AMCs are not possible for participants with 15 or more years of service rendered in a CFT, except in cases of the death of such participants.

A participant who is no longer employed as a Correction Force Member and withdraws their AMCs (and earned interest), who later becomes a participant again, will be charged with a deficit (including 5% per-annum statutory interest) calculated as if the AMCs had never been paid. Payment of a deficiency can be made in a lump sum or through payroll deductions.

VESTED RETIREMENT

If a participant ends their employment with at least 5 (but less than 20) years of Allowable Correction Service, two years of which are Membership Service, they will be entitled to a Vested Retirement Benefit. The Vested Retirement Benefit is calculated using the following formula:

$$2.5\% \text{ times Final Average Salary (FAS) times Years of Allowable Correction Service.}$$

This benefit becomes payable on the date the participant would have completed 20 years of Allowable Correction Service.

NYCERS encourages members who separate from City service to file a Notice of Intent to Vest (Form #254). By doing so, NYCERS can send you important information regarding your retirement account. For example, you will receive an Annual Disclosure Statement detailing your account balances and designated beneficiaries. Additionally, NYCERS will send you an Application for Payment of a Vested Retirement Benefit (Form #266) approximately 90 days prior to the date you are eligible to receive a vested benefit (Payability Date).

SERVICE RETIREMENT

Participants in the CF-20 Plan are eligible to receive a Service Retirement Benefit upon attaining 20 years of Allowable Correction Service, regardless of age. The Service Retirement Benefit is calculated using the following formula:

$$50\% \text{ of FAS for the first 20 years of Allowable Correction Service, plus}$$

$$1 \frac{2}{3}\% \text{ times FAS times the number of years of Allowable Correction Service in excess of 20, up to a maximum of 30 years of Allowable Correction Service.}$$

Note: Members who have purchased Military Service may not exceed the 30-year maximum benefit cap with such service.

FAS is defined as the greater of:

The average of wages earned during any three consecutive calendar years,

OR

The average of wages earned during the 36 months immediately preceding your retirement date.

Note: Wages earned in any year used in the FAS computation cannot exceed more than 10% of the average of the previous two years.

The escalation of benefits provisions applicable to Tier 3 general members do not apply to CF-20 Plan participants.



RETIREMENT FROM UNDERLYING PLAN

Participants, including vested members, in the CF-20 Plan who do NOT meet the 20-year Allowable Service requirement to retire under the CF-20 Plan, may retire under the CO-25 Plan (see the Correction Officer 25-Year Retirement Plan Brochure #920) or the Tier 3 62/5 Plan, as applicable, assuming service requirements have been met for the underlying plan.

DISABILITY RETIREMENT

Members in a Correction Force Title who become physically or mentally incapacitated and can no longer perform the duties of their job title may apply for Disability Retirement Benefits. There are four separate disability provisions in the NYS Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) under which they may qualify. The chart below summarizes the qualifications and the benefits provided under each of these provisions. In addition, members in a Correction Force Title are covered under certain special disability provisions described in the section Other Disability Benefits on page 4.

CORRECTION FORCE DISABILITY PROVISIONS AT-A-GLANCE

	Ordinary	Accidental	Dual Purpose Disability Statute	Performance-of-Duty (also see HAT Law, p. 4)
RSSL Section	506	507	507-a	507-c
What is the service requirement?	5 or more years of Credited Service	None	10 or more years of Credited Service. If less than 10 years, may qualify if injury is due to on-the- job accident.	None
How does the member qualify for disability?	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits.	Member qualifies if the Social Security Administration finds them to be disabled as the natural and proximate result of an accident sustained in active service and not the result of their own willful negligence and awards Primary Social Security Disability Benefits. NYCERS' Medical Board must also determine if the injury was caused by an accident.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is physically or mentally incapacitated and cannot perform the duties of their job title. If the member has less than 10 years of service, the Medical Board must also determine if the injury was the natural and proximate result of an accident not caused by their own willful negligence.	NYCERS' Medical Board determines that the member is disabled as the natural and proximate result of injuries sustained in the performance of duties by an act of an inmate or any person confined under the jurisdiction of the Department of Correction or Department of Health.
How is the disability benefit calculated?	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 2% times FAS times Credited Service, up to 30 years. Benefit reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	60% times FAS reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit and 50% of the Primary Social Security Disability Benefit	The greater of: 1/3 times FAS OR 1 2/3% times FAS times Credited Service OR The Service Retirement Benefit, if eligible for Service retirement	75% times FAS, reduced by 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefit



OTHER DISABILITY BENEFITS

Heart Law (207o)

The Heart Law provides a presumption that a disease of the heart was incurred in the performance of duty. Members in a Correction Force Title who are approved for disability under the Heart Law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease of the heart. This presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

Hepatitis, AIDS and Tuberculosis (HAT) Law (507c)

The HAT Law provides that a member in a Correction Force Title who contracts HIV (where they may have been exposed to bodily fluids of an inmate or a person confined to an institution under the jurisdiction of the NYC Department of Correction or Department of Health) tuberculosis or hepatitis, will be presumed to have contracted such disease in the performance and discharge of duty. Members approved for disability under this law are entitled to a disability benefit equal to 75% of FAS minus 100% of the annual payment from the Workers' Compensation Board associated with the disease. The presumption may be rebutted by competent medical evidence.

World Trade Center Disability Law (507c)

The World Trade Center (WTC) Disability Law provides that NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that any current or future disability caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Disability Law Fact Sheet #703.

ORDINARY AND ACCIDENTAL DEATH BENEFITS

In the event of a member's death prior to retirement, their beneficiary/beneficiaries may be entitled to a death benefit. There are two primary types of death benefits: an Ordinary Death Benefit and an Accidental Death Benefit.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is:

- Three times the member's salary, *plus*
- A refund of their BMCs, plus interest, *and*
- A refund of the member's AMCs, plus interest.

The Ordinary Death Benefit is payable only if the member was in City service for at least 90 days and was in active service at the time of their death.

The Accidental Death Benefit is an annual pension of 50% of the member's wages during their last year of City service.

The Accidental Death Benefit is payable to an Eligible Beneficiary (based on a priority order defined by the law, not necessarily your beneficiary designation) if the member was in active service at the time of their death and their death was the result of an accident sustained in the performance of duties.

Heart Law-Accidental Death Benefit

Members in a Correction Force Title who die from a disease of the heart may be entitled to a presumption that the disease was incurred in the performance of duty, unless the contrary is proven by competent medical evidence. Their Eligible Beneficiary/Beneficiaries would be entitled to the Accidental Death Benefit and Special Accidental Death Benefit (described below) which are paid in accordance with the relevant statutes that govern such benefits.

World Trade Center Law-Accidental Death Benefit

The World Trade Center (WTC) Law provides that deceased NYCERS members, vested members or retirees (retired after 9/11/01) who Participated in WTC Rescue, Recovery, or Clean-up Operations during a Qualifying Period may be entitled to a presumption that their death was caused by a Qualifying Condition or Impairment of Health which arose from participation in such operations, unless the contrary is proven. A Notice of Participation must be filed no later than September 11, 2026. For more information, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org and review the WTC Law Disability Fact Sheet #703.

SPECIAL ACCIDENTAL DEATH BENEFIT

A Special Accidental Death Benefit is a supplemental monthly payment in addition to the Accidental Death Benefit of 50% of Wages. The effect of this benefit is to continue paying the equivalent of the decedent's salary including earned overtime, night differential, longevity payments and any other type of pensionable earnings, where applicable.

If the member was in a Correction Force Title and died of injuries sustained in the line of duty as the natural and proximate result of an accident, not caused by their own willful negligence, or while in military service, the benefit is paid to:

- The widow/widower; OR
- The children of the deceased (under 18 years of age or under the age of 23 if a student) if the widow/widower is deceased.

The Special Accidental Death Benefit is generally increased annually by a percentage determined on the basis of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). The maximum potential benefit will be reduced by the basic amount of any Social Security survivors' benefit and Workers' Compensation award.



Uniformed Correction Force 22-Year Retirement Plan (CF-22)

Tier 3



September 2022

This brochure describes the obligations and benefits of the Uniformed Correction Force Tier 3 22-Year Plan (CF-22). This plan allows participants to retire for service after rendering at least 22 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

PARTICIPATION

Participation in the CF-22 Plan is mandated for members of the uniformed force of the New York City Department of Correction (Uniformed Correction Force) who join NYCERS on or after April 1, 2012. Participation in the CF-22 Plan is also mandated for NYCERS Members with a membership date prior to April 1, 2012 who become members of the Uniformed Correction Force on or after April 1, 2012.

CONTRIBUTIONS

As a CF-22 Plan participant, you are required to contribute 3% of gross wages until you attain 25 years of Credited Service, separate from City service, or retire, whichever occurs first. If you were previously in another Plan and your contributions already ceased, you will be required to make 3% contributions again upon joining the CF-22 Plan until you attain 25 years of contributions, separate from City service, or retire, whichever occurs first. Your contributions are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund where they accrue interest at the rate of 5%, compounded annually. Member contributions are Federal tax-deferred, meaning that you do not pay Federal taxes on the contributions, only New York State and local taxes. Note, however, that contributions made while on Union Leave are not Federal tax-deferred.

LOANS

22-Year Plan participants may not borrow against their pension contributions. If you have an outstanding loan that you took as a member of a prior plan, your loan balance must be paid in full before you retire from the CF-22 Plan.

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required contributions will result in a deficit. Members in this plan are not permitted to retire with a deficit. If a deficit is identified prior to retirement, steps will be taken to resolve it. Unpaid deficits will also impact disability and death benefits.

REFUNDS

CF-22 Plan participants who have rendered less than 10 years of Credited Service and who leave City service may apply for a refund of contributions, plus accrued interest, which effectively terminates their membership. Refunds are not possible for members with 10 or more years of Credited Service.

Withdrawal of contributions will trigger a Federal tax liability and may result in an early distribution tax penalty.

CREDITED SERVICE

CF-22 Plan participants may retire for service after completing at least 22 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

In general, Credited Service is service rendered while a NYCERS Member, previous public service or military service that was purchased, and service transferred from another public retirement system in New York City or New York State.

BUYBACK

CF-22 Plan participants may purchase previous public service rendered anywhere in New York City or New York State. The cost is 3% of the wages earned during the period you are buying back, plus 5% interest compounded annually from the date of your previous service until the date of payment. CF-22 Plan participants may not purchase time spent on child care leave.



MILITARY BUYBACK

Federal and state laws allow members to purchase service credit for time spent in U.S. Military service – the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) and Article 20 of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL), respectively. Under Article 20, the cost is 6% *times* the number of years of military service being purchased *times* the salary you earned during the 12 months prior to the date of your application. Under USERRA, the cost is the equivalent of the contributions required if you had never left for military service. Interest is not factored into either cost.

VESTED RETIREMENT BENEFIT

Vesting means that you have earned the right to receive benefits in the future. CF-22 Plan participants who have **at least five years of Credited Service** may qualify for a Vested Retirement Benefit payable on the date they would have attained 20 years of Credited Service, calculated as follows:

- 2.1% *times* Final Average Salary *times* years of Credited Service; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62, which is determined by a formula based upon wages earned from a public employer from which Social Security deductions were taken.

A 22-Year Plan member may elect to receive their Vested Retirement Benefit before the date they would have attained 20 years of Credited Service, but not earlier than age 55. In such case, the benefit will be reduced by 1/15 for each year, if any, that the Early Retirement Age (the date they would have attained 20 years of Credited Service) is in excess of the age the benefit commences or age 60, whichever is higher, and by 1/30 for each additional year, if any, by which the Vested Retirement Benefit commences prior to age 60.

For example, if you leave City Service and wish to collect your benefit at age 64, but you do not reach your Early Retirement Age until age 69, the benefit is reduced by 33.3% ($1/15 \times 5$ to account for the years between 69 and 64).

If you wish to collect your benefit at age 57, but you do not reach Early Retirement Age until age 66, the benefit is reduced by 40% ($1/15 \times 6$ to account for the years between 66 and 60); **AND** the benefit is further reduced by an additional 10% ($1/30 \times 3$ to account for the years between 57 and 60).

If you leave City service at age 56 but you do not reach Early Retirement Age until age 59, the benefit is reduced by 10% ($1/30 \times 3$ to account for the years between 56 and 59).

SERVICE RETIREMENT BENEFIT

CF-22 Plan participants who have 22 or more years of Credited Service, including Credited Service prior to becoming a participant in the CF-22 Plan, are eligible to receive a Service Retirement Benefit without regard to age.

The Service Retirement Benefit payable upon accruing 22 years of Credited Service is calculated using the following formula:

- 50% of Final Average Salary (FAS); **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62, which is determined by a formula based upon wages earned from a public employer from which Social Security deductions were taken.

The Service Retirement Benefit formula does not provide any additional benefit increments for service rendered beyond 22 years.

Early Service Retirement: CF-22 Plan participants may retire with an Early Service Retirement Benefit after attaining at least 20 years of Credited Service. The Early Service Retirement Benefit is calculated as follows:

- 2.1% *times* FAS *times* 20 years of Credited Service; **plus**
- 0.33% *times* FAS *times* each month of service in excess of 20 years, but not more than 50% of FAS; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62, which is determined by a formula based upon wages earned from a public employer from which Social Security deductions were taken.



FINAL AVERAGE SALARY (FAS)

FAS is defined as the average of wages earned by a member during any five consecutive years which provide the highest average wage. However, wages earned during any year used in an FAS calculation cannot exceed the average of the previous four years by more than 10 percent. If you are retiring as a Vested member with less than nine years of service, your FAS will include projected earnings to fill in any missing years of service.

ESCALATION

You may be eligible for Escalation on your Service Retirement Benefit, Early Service Retirement Benefit, or Vested Retirement Benefit. Escalation is a post-retirement increase (or decrease) to your retirement benefit based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). If the payment of benefits commences on the Full Escalation Date, which is defined as the first day of the month following the date a CF-22 Plan participant completes or would have completed 25 years of Credited Service, the Escalation is equal to the lesser of 3% or the increase in the CPI. In the event of a decrease in the CPI, the annual retirement benefit shall be decreased by the lesser of 3% or the amount of the decrease in the CPI. In no event will the member’s benefit be reduced below the amount of their initial benefit at retirement.

Full Escalation Example:

Type of Retirement	Years of Service	Commencement of Benefit	Full Escalation?
Service	22	Defer to 25th year	Yes
Early Service	20	Defer to 25th year	Yes
Vested	15	Defer to 25th year	Yes

If you retire for service with 22 years of Credited Service or less, or separate from City service after attaining the minimum service requirement to vest and elect to receive your benefit between the date you would have completed 22 years and one month of Credited Service and the Full Escalation Date, you will be eligible for Escalation. In such event, the benefit will be 2% of FAS minus 50% of your Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62. However, for each month that the benefit commences before the Full Escalation Date, the Escalation is reduced by 1/36. No Escalation is provided when the commencement of benefits is more than three years prior to the Full Escalation Date.

Reduced Escalation/No Escalation Example:

Type of Retirement	Years of Service	Commencement of Benefit	Escalation?
Service	22	Defer to 22 years, 8 months	Yes, reduced by 28/36
Early Service	20	Defer to 23 years, 6 months	Yes, reduced by 18/36
Vested	15	Defer to 24th year	Yes, reduced by 12/36

Type of Retirement	Years of Service	Commencement of Benefit	Escalation?
Service	22	Immediate	No
Early Service	20	Immediate	No
Vested	15	Defer to 20th year	No

Escalation may be provided on Ordinary Disability Benefits, Accident Disability Benefits, and Accidental Death Benefits. The Full Escalation Date for these types of benefits is the first day of the month following the date a retiree or beneficiary becomes eligible for the disability or death benefit, respectively.



DISABILITY RETIREMENT

CF-22 Plan participants who become physically or mentally incapacitated and can no longer perform the duties of their job may be eligible for either an Ordinary Disability Benefit or an Accidental Disability Benefit.

You are eligible for an Ordinary Disability Benefit if you have at least five years of Credited Service and are considered disabled by the Social Security Administration. The benefit is equal to the greater of:

- 1/3 of FAS; **or**
- 2% *times* FAS *times* years of Credited Service, but not in excess of 22 years of such service; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Disability Benefit, **and**
- 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefits payable.

You are eligible for an Accidental Disability Benefit if you are found to be disabled by the NYCERS Medical Board as the natural and proximate result of an accident not caused by your own willful negligence. The benefit is calculated as follows:

- 50% of FAS; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Disability Benefit or Primary Social Security Benefit, whichever begins first, **and**
- 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefits payable.

CF-22 Plan participants are not eligible for an Accident/Performance of Duty Disability Benefit equal to three-quarters of FAS, and are also not eligible for any presumptive disability benefits.

SURVIVOR BENEFITS

In the event of your death prior to retirement, your NYCERS membership entitles your beneficiary/beneficiaries to a death benefit. There are two primary types of death benefits – Ordinary Death Benefits and Accidental Death Benefits.

An Ordinary Death Benefit (ODB) is payable to your designated beneficiary/beneficiaries if you were in City service for at least 90 days and were in active service at the time of your death.

The benefit is calculated as follows:

- Three times your salary, **plus**
- A refund of your contributions, plus 5% interest

If you have at least 10 years of Credited Service, are awaiting payability of a Vested Retirement Benefit, and die prior to receiving such benefit, your beneficiaries will receive a lump-sum death benefit based on 50% of the ODB that would have been payable if you had died on your last day in active service, plus the refund of your contributions plus interest.

An Accidental Death Benefit (ADB) is payable to Eligible Beneficiaries, who are defined in law, if NYCERS determines that your death was the result of an accident sustained in the performance of your duty, not caused by your own negligence, or while in military service. The annual benefit equals 50% of your Final Average Salary (FAS).

A state-funded Special Accidental Death Benefit is also payable to the widow, widower, or the children of the deceased (under 18 years of age or under the age of 23 if a student) if the widow or widower is deceased. This benefit is in addition to the Accidental Death Benefit and brings the total Accidental Death Benefit to a pension equal to 100% of your FAS.



DA Investigators 22-Year Retirement Plan (DA-22)



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Tier 3

September 2022

This brochure describes the obligations and benefits of the District Attorney Investigators Tier 3 22-Year Plan (DA-22). This plan allows participants to retire for service after rendering at least 22 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

PARTICIPATION

Participation in the DA-22 Plan is mandated for all investigator members employed in a New York City District Attorney Office on or after April 1, 2012. Participation in the DA-22 Plan is also mandated for NYCERS Members with a membership date prior to April 1, 2012 who become DA Investigator members on or after April 1, 2012.

CONTRIBUTIONS

As a DA-22 Plan participant, you are required to contribute 3% of gross wages until you attain 25 years of Credited Service, separate from City service, or retire, whichever occurs first. If you were previously in another Plan and your contributions already ceased, you will be required to make 3% contributions again upon joining the DA-22 Plan until you attain 25 years of contributions, separate from City service, or retire, whichever occurs first. Your contributions are held in the Member Contribution Accumulation Fund where they accrue interest at the rate of 5%, compounded annually. Member contributions are Federal tax-deferred, meaning that you do not pay Federal taxes on the contributions, only New York State and local taxes. Note, however, that contributions made while on Union Leave are not Federal tax-deferred.

LOANS

22-Year Plan participants may not borrow against their pension contributions. If you have an outstanding loan that you took as a member of a prior plan, your loan balance must be paid in full before you retire from the DA-22 Plan.

DEFICITS

Failure to pay any of the required contributions will result in a deficit. Members in this plan are not permitted to retire with a deficit. If a deficit is identified prior to retirement, steps will be taken to resolve it. Unpaid deficits will also impact disability and death benefits.

REFUNDS

DA-22 Plan participants who have rendered less than 10 years of Credited Service and who leave City service may apply for a refund of contributions, plus accrued interest, which effectively terminates their membership. Refunds are not possible for members with 10 or more years of Credited Service.

Withdrawal of contributions will trigger a Federal tax liability and may result in an early distribution tax penalty.

CREDITED SERVICE

DA-22 Plan participants may retire for service after completing at least 22 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

In general, Credited Service is service rendered while a NYCERS Member, previous public service or military service that was purchased, and service transferred from another public retirement system in New York City or New York State.

BUYBACK

DA-22 Plan participants may purchase previous public service rendered anywhere in New York City or New York State. The cost is 3% of the wages earned during the period you are buying back, plus 5% interest compounded annually from the date of your previous service until the date of payment.



MILITARY BUYBACK

Federal and state laws allow members to purchase service credit for time spent in U.S. Military service – the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) and Article 20 of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL), respectively. Under Article 20, the cost is 6% *times* the number of years of military service being purchased *times* the salary you earned during the 12 months prior to the date of your application. Under USERRA, the cost is the equivalent of the contributions required if you had never left for military service. Interest is not factored into either cost.

VESTED RETIREMENT BENEFIT

Vesting means that you have earned the right to receive benefits in the future. DA-22 Plan participants who have **at least five years of Credited Service** may qualify for a Vested Retirement Benefit payable on the date they would have attained 20 years of Credited Service, calculated as follows:

- 2.1% *times* Final Average Salary *times* years of Credited Service; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62, which is determined by a formula based upon wages earned from a public employer from which Social Security deductions were taken.

A 22-Year Plan member may elect to receive their Vested Retirement Benefit before the date they would have attained 20 years of Credited Service, but not earlier than age 55. In such case, the benefit will be reduced by 1/15 for each year, if any, that the Early Retirement Age (the date they would have attained 20 years of Credited Service) is in excess of the age the benefit commences or age 60, whichever is higher, and by 1/30 for each additional year, if any, by which the Vested Retirement Benefit commences prior to age 60.

For example, if you leave City Service and wish to collect your benefit at age 64, but you do not reach your Early Retirement Age until age 69, the benefit is reduced by 33.3% (1/15 x 5 to account for the years between 69 and 64).

If you wish to collect your benefit at age 57, but you do not reach Early Retirement Age until age 66, the benefit is reduced by 40% (1/15 x 6 to account for the years between 66 and 60); **AND** the benefit is further reduced by an additional 10% (1/30 x 3 to account for the years between 57 and 60).

If you leave City service at age 56 but you do not reach Early Retirement Age until age 59, the benefit is reduced by 10% (1/30 x 3 to account for the years between 56 and 59).

SERVICE RETIREMENT BENEFIT

DA-22 Plan participants who have 22 or more years of Credited Service, including Credited Service prior to becoming a participant in the DA-22 Plan, are eligible to receive a Service Retirement Benefit without regard to age.

The Service Retirement Benefit payable upon accruing 22 years of Credited Service is calculated using the following formula:

- 50% of Final Average Salary (FAS); **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62, which is determined by a formula based upon wages earned from a public employer from which Social Security deductions were taken.

The Service Retirement Benefit formula does not provide any additional benefit increments for service rendered beyond 22 years.

Early Service Retirement: DA-22 Plan participants may retire with an Early Service Retirement Benefit after attaining at least 20 years of Credited Service. The Early Service Retirement Benefit is calculated as follows:

- 2.1% *times* FAS *times* 20 years of Credited Service; **plus**
- 0.33% *times* FAS *times* each month of service in excess of 20 years, but not more than 50% of FAS; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62, which is determined by a formula based upon wages earned from a public employer from which Social Security deductions were taken.



FINAL AVERAGE SALARY (FAS)

FAS is defined as the average of wages earned by a member during any five consecutive years which provide the highest average wage. However, wages earned during any year used in an FAS calculation cannot exceed the average of the previous four years by more than 10 percent. If you are retiring as a Vested member with less than nine years of service, your FAS will include projected earnings to fill in any missing years of service.

ESCALATION

You may be eligible for Escalation on your Service Retirement Benefit, Early Service Retirement Benefit, or Vested Retirement Benefit. Escalation is a post-retirement increase (or decrease) to your retirement benefit based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). If the payment of benefits commences on the Full Escalation Date, which is defined as the first day of the month following the date a DA-22 Plan participant completes or would have completed 25 years of Credited Service, the Escalation is equal to the lesser of 3% or the increase in the CPI. In the event of a decrease in the CPI, the annual retirement benefit shall be decreased by the lesser of 3% or the amount of the decrease in the CPI. In no event will the member’s benefit be reduced below the amount of their initial benefit at retirement.

Full Escalation Example:

Type of Retirement	Years of Service	Commencement of Benefit	Full Escalation?
Service	22	Defer to 25th year	Yes
Early Service	20	Defer to 25th year	Yes
Vested	15	Defer to 25th year	Yes

If you retire for service with 22 years of Credited Service or less, or separate from City service after attaining the minimum service requirement to vest and elect to receive your benefit between the date you would have completed 22 years and one month of Credited Service and the Full Escalation Date, you will be eligible for Escalation. In such event, the benefit will be 2% of FAS minus 50% of your Primary Social Security Benefit commencing at age 62. However, for each month that the benefit commences before the Full Escalation Date, the Escalation is reduced by 1/36. No Escalation is provided when the commencement of benefits is more than three years prior to the Full Escalation Date.

Reduced Escalation/No Escalation Example:

Type of Retirement	Years of Service	Commencement of Benefit	Escalation?
Service	22	Defer to 22 years, 8 months	Yes, reduced by 28/36
Early Service	20	Defer to 23 years, 6 months	Yes, reduced by 18/36
Vested	15	Defer to 24th year	Yes, reduced by 12/36

Type of Retirement	Years of Service	Commencement of Benefit	Escalation?
Service	22	Immediate	No
Early Service	20	Immediate	No
Vested	15	Defer to 20th year	No

Escalation may be provided on Ordinary Disability Benefits, Accident Disability Benefits, and Accidental Death Benefits. The Full Escalation Date for these types of benefits is the first day of the month following the date a retiree or beneficiary becomes eligible for the disability or death benefit, respectively.



DISABILITY RETIREMENT

DA-22 Plan participants who become physically or mentally incapacitated and can no longer perform the duties of their job may be eligible for either an Ordinary Disability Benefit or an Accidental Disability Benefit.

You are eligible for an Ordinary Disability Benefit if you have at least five years of Credited Service and are considered disabled by the Social Security Administration. The benefit is equal to the greater of:

- 1/3 of FAS; **or**
- 2% *times* FAS *times* years of Credited Service, but not in excess of 22 years of such service; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Disability Benefit; **and**
- 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefits payable.

You are eligible for an Accidental Disability Benefit if you are found to be disabled by the NYCERS Medical Board as the natural and proximate result of an accident not caused by your own willful negligence. The benefit is calculated as follows:

- 50% of FAS; **minus**
- 50% of the member's Primary Social Security Disability Benefit or Primary Social Security Benefit, whichever begins first; **and**
- 100% of any Workers' Compensation benefits payable.

DA-22 Plan participants are not eligible for an Accident/Performance of Duty Disability Benefit equal to three-quarters of FAS, and are also not eligible for any presumptive disability benefits.

SURVIVOR BENEFITS

In the event of your death prior to retirement, your NYCERS membership entitles your beneficiary/beneficiaries to a death benefit. There are two primary types of death benefits – Ordinary Death Benefits and Accidental Death Benefits.

An Ordinary Death Benefit (ODB) is payable to your designated beneficiary/beneficiaries if you were in City service for at least 90 days and were in active service at the time of your death.

The benefit is calculated as follows:

- Three times your salary, **plus**
- A refund of your contributions, plus 5% interest

If you have at least 10 years of Credited Service, are awaiting payability of a Vested Retirement Benefit, and die prior to receiving such benefit, your beneficiaries will receive a lump-sum death benefit based on 50% of the ODB that would have been payable if you had died on your last day in active service, plus the refund of your contributions plus interest.

An Accidental Death Benefit (ADB) is payable to Eligible Beneficiaries, who are defined in law, if NYCERS determines that your death was the result of an accident sustained in the performance of your duty, not caused by your own negligence. The annual benefit equals 50% of your Final Average Salary (FAS).



The Road to Retirement

THE ROAD TO YOUR NYCERS RETIREMENT

- 1 See Benefits Coordinator at your employer
- 2 File retirement application with NYCERS
- 3 Bring retirement receipt to employer
- 4 File NYCERS Form #380 for direct deposit
- 5 Receive first advance payment in the mail
- 6 File Final Option Election
- 7 Full monthly payments begin

ENJOY YOUR RETIREMENT!

NYCERS
NYC Employees' Retirement System

Application for Service Retirement
Tier 2, 3, 4 and 6 Members

NYCERS USE ONLY F521

Members who wish to apply for Service Retirement. This application also allows you to elect a permanent option and thereby make a final decision regarding the way in which your benefits will be paid to you or your beneficiary(ies) during the period between your effective retirement date and the date you elect a permanent option. If you die during the Interim Period, the benefits will be paid to your beneficiary(ies) as a continuing benefit after your death. Please carefully read the instructions below and on the reverse side of this form. Sign the form and have it notarized on page 4.

NYCERS will be sent to you until NYCERS has acceptable proof of your identity and birthdate on file (see instructions for details.)

4 Digits of SSN Daytime Phone Number Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY)

() () / /

M.I. Last Name

Apt. Number

State Zip Code

Title

Retirement from City service to take effect on (MM/DD/YYYY) / /

begin on the effective date of my retirement, or on the initial date of payability, whichever is later.

I elect a temporary option and you die during the Interim Period, you will be deemed to have elected the 100% Joint-and-Survivor Option and your accumulated contributions plus accumulated interest will be paid to the beneficiary(ies) you designate.

If you do not elect a permanent option and you die during the Interim Period, you will be deemed to have elected the 100% Joint-and-Survivor Option and your pension will cease upon your death.

Please read the descriptions of the 100% Joint-and-Survivor Option and the Ten-Year Certain Option. Please read the descriptions of the Temporary Option. Provide information about your beneficiary(ies) following the option you have elected.

100% Joint-and-Survivor Option, you designate only one beneficiary. Under this option, NYCERS will pay the full amount of your pension to you or your beneficiary(ies) until you or your beneficiary(ies) dies. If your beneficiary has been known by that name, you must provide the name on the birthdate evidence you submit.

Temporary Option, you may designate one beneficiary and one contingent beneficiary, and birthdate evidence is not required. Tier 2 and 3 members must designate their Estate for the Ten-Year Certain Option if 6 members may not.

Sign this form and have it notarized on page 4.

NYCERS
335 Adams Street, Suite 2300
Brooklyn, NY 11201-3724

(347) 643-3000
www.nycers.org

Page 1 of 4

THE ROAD TO YOUR NYCERS RETIREMENT

1 Establish your effective date of retirement.

Contact your HR Benefits Coordinator, who will assist you in determining your **actual retirement date**. It may not be your last day on the job.

2 Create your MyNYCERS account. This is the gateway to managing your retirement with NYCERS, including filing your retirement application.

3 File your retirement application via MyNYCERS. You can also sign up for Direct Deposit (EFT) via MyNYCERS.

4 NYCERS confirms your retirement date that will be reflected in your MyNYCERS account. Advance payments begin.

5 Select a Retirement Option.

6 Your Retirement Option is finalized. Full monthly payments begin.

ENJOY YOUR RETIREMENT!

6 STOPS ON THE ROAD TO YOUR RETIREMENT



Retiring from your City job is an important step and the beginning of an exciting time in your life! On a practical note, it's a process that will take at least a few months to complete and can go more smoothly if you fully understand what to do and what to expect.

<p>1 90-180 days before your target retirement date</p>	<p>ESTABLISH YOUR EFFECTIVE DATE OF RETIREMENT</p> <p>Your Benefits Coordinator will work with your payroll department to determine your leave balances and last day on payroll. The day after your last day on payroll will be your retirement date – that is the date you should put on your NYCERS service retirement application form – Form #511 for Tier 1 members, and Form #521 for Tiers 2, 3, 4 and 6 members.</p> <p>The usage of leave balances can also affect your retirement date. Most non-managerial employees remain on payroll until they have exhausted all unused leave time. Therefore, it is important to contact your employer's Benefits Coordinator to determine your correct retirement date.</p> <p>Many agencies will give you a letter with this information, which you should then provide to NYCERS when you file for retirement.</p> <p>Note: Managerial employees receive unused leave in a lump sum, so they can stop working and retire the next day if they wish.</p>
<p>Around the same time you are filing for retirement</p>	<p>MEDICAL BENEFITS</p> <p>Retiree medical benefits are administered by the Office of Labor Relations (OLR), not NYCERS. To start the process, NYCERS will provide your retirement date to your agency and to OLR. Please direct any questions regarding Retiree Health Benefits to your employer. OLR no longer requires a retirement receipt from NYCERS.</p>

<p>2 At any point after you establish membership with NYCERS</p>	<p>CREATE YOUR MYNYCERS ACCOUNT</p> <p>Need help creating your MyNYCERS account? Read Brochure #967 How to Register for MyNYCERS.</p>
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CERTAIN APPLICATIONS SUCH AS A BUYBACK OR PENSION LOAN APPLICATION MUST BE FILED BEFORE YOUR EFFECTIVE DATE OF RETIREMENT.

<p>3 30-90 days before your last day on payroll</p>	<p>FILE YOUR RETIREMENT APPLICATION VIA MYNYCERS</p> <p>Certain retirement plans require that you submit your application at least 30 days before your desired retirement date. Other plans allow later submissions, even as late as the day before your retirement date. After you have consulted with your Benefits Coordinator and established a "last day paid," it is suggested that you submit your service or retirement application online. If you prefer to meet with an NYCERS Representative in person, you must call the Call Center at (347) 643-3000 to schedule an appointment. Phone and video consultations are also available. When you visit, you should also bring: (1) birth documentation, such as a passport or birth certificate, for yourself (and your beneficiary, if you have one), and (2) photo identification, such as your work identification or driver's license. You should also be prepared to provide the address, date of birth, and Social Security number of your beneficiary for your temporary option election.</p>
<p>3 weeks after retirement date</p>	<p>SIGN-UP FOR DIRECT DEPOSIT (EFT) VIA MYNYCERS</p> <p>Log in to your MyNYCERS account and click "Update Pension Payment Method" in the menu to request direct deposit for all subsequent pension payments. (Alternatively, members can submit Direct Deposit Form #380.)</p>

IF YOUR RECORDS ARE IN ORDER AND YOU MEET THE CRITERIA FOR RETIREMENT. . .

<p>4 Advance payments begin</p>	<p>NYCERS CONFIRMS YOUR RETIREMENT DATE/ADVANCE PAYMENTS BEGIN</p> <p>If you retire on the 1st or 2nd day of the month, your first advance payment will be at the end of the month you retire. If you retire on the 3rd day or later, your first advance payment will be at the end of the following month. Advance payments will be smaller than final payments. See Advance Payment Brochure #892 for more information.</p>
<p>5 File your retirement option</p>	<p>SELECT A RETIREMENT OPTION</p> <p>As a registered MyNYCERS user, you can view your option letter online in your MyNYCERS account once it is ready. A hard copy will also be mailed to your address on file. The timeframe for the issuance of the option letter varies on a case-by-case basis. After reviewing your option letter, log in to your MyNYCERS account and click "Option Election" in the menu to file your Final Option Election or return the completed forms. Your election must be made within 60 days of the date on your option letter. The sooner you file your election, the sooner your final allowance can be calculated.</p>
<p>6 NYCERS finalizes your retirement</p>	<p>YOUR RETIREMENT OPTION IS FINALIZED</p> <p>Your final pension payment is determined based on your Final Option Election. It includes any retroactive monies that might be payable, because the final option you elected may pay you more than the advance payments you've been receiving since your retirement date. This is the final step in the retirement process!</p>

CONGRATULATIONS, AND ENJOY YOUR RETIREMENT!

The Road to Your NYCERS Retirement — Fact Sheet #716



340 Jay Street, Brooklyn, NY
Mezzanine level



Forms, Brochures,
Fact Sheets at
www.nycers.org



Upload Documents at
www.mynycers.org



(347) 643-3000

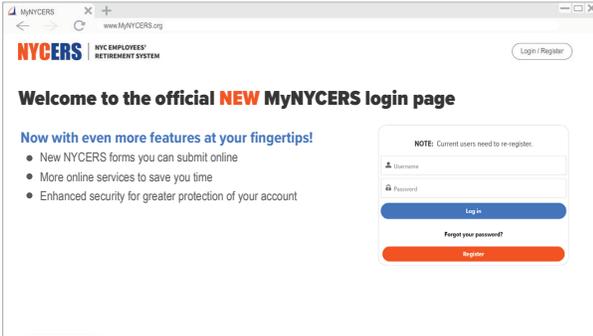


30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101

How to Register for MyNYCERS



MyNYCERS is your secure online portal to NYCERS and gives you the power to manage your pension account anytime, anywhere, on any device. Register today to review your account details, track a pending transaction, manage your beneficiaries, request a loan, make a payment, file for retirement, and more!

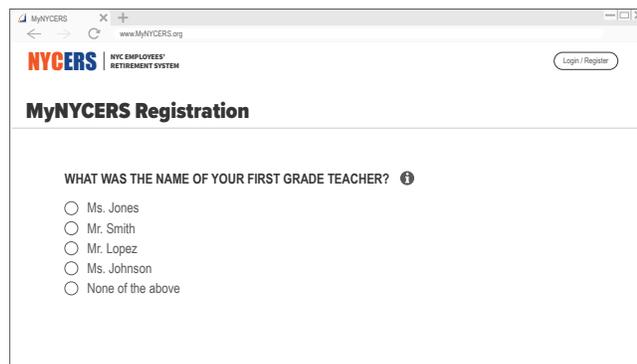
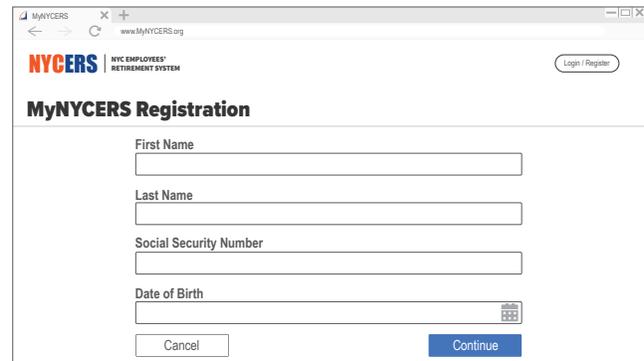


Step 1 – Go to www.MyNYCERS.org

Click the **Register** button to begin.

Step 2 – Tell Us Who You Are

Enter your legal first and last name (no nicknames or abbreviations), Social Security Number, Date of Birth, personal email, mobile number, member or pension number, and address. After reviewing and agreeing to the Terms & Conditions, click **Continue**.



Step 3 – Verify Your Identity

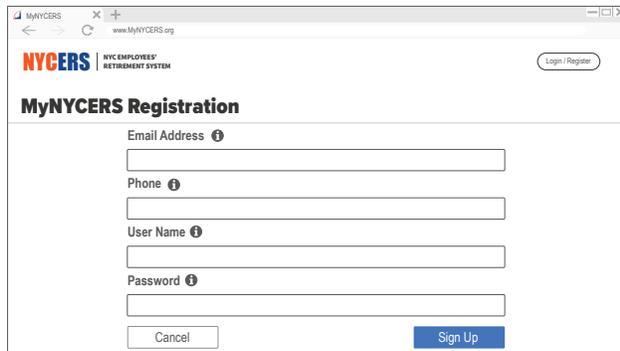
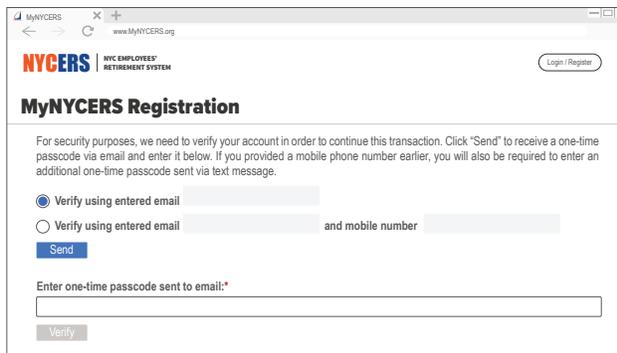
NYCERS relies on independent, third-party verification questions to confirm your identity when creating your account.

Step 4 on next page...



Step 4 – Verify Contact Information

Click **Send** to receive a one-time passcode via email and enter the code into the appropriate field to continue. Members that provided a mobile number will also be required to enter an additional one-time passcode sent via text. Click **Continue** to go to next Step.

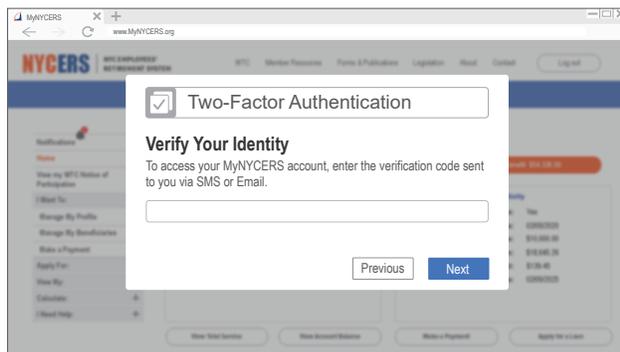
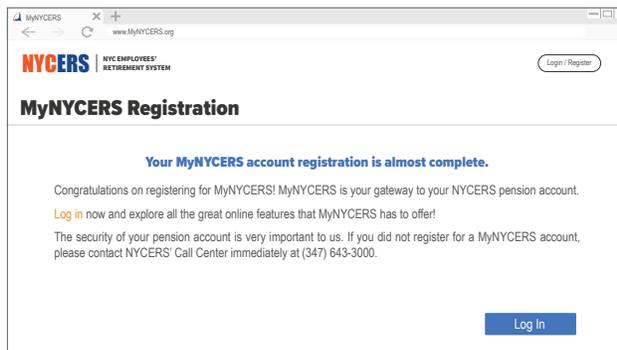


Step 5 – Create Your Login Credentials

Your email address will be used as a User Name by default. You can edit the User Name but it must remain in the form of an email address. Next, follow the on-screen instructions to create a Password. Password must be at least 8 characters, including one capital letter, one number and one special character (!, @, #, \$, %). To prevent errors, you will be asked to enter your password twice. Click **Sign Up** when complete.

Step 6 – Log In

Click the button to **Log In** and complete your account registration.



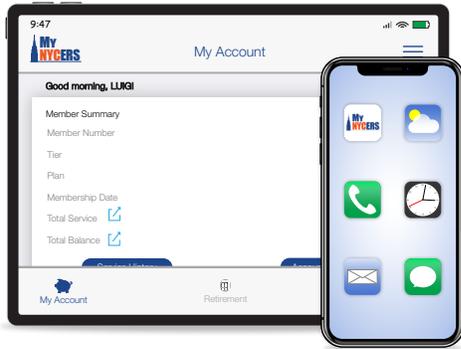
Step 7 – Two-Factor Authentication

To successfully log in, members are required to verify their identity using two-factor authentication. You can choose to have the verification code sent to the email address or mobile number you provided in Step 2.



NYCERS mobile app is now available for download from Google Play or the App Store.

NYCERS Mobile App



Download from Google Play or the App Store



MyNYCERS Member Website

www.mynycers.org

Online services are available 24/7 from both the mobile app and the MyNYCERS website.

Register for the MyNYCERS member portal on the mobile app or at www.mynycers.org to file forms online and manage your NYCERS account from the safety and comfort of your home.

Username and password are the same on website and mobile app.

Check out all the new online features:

Online Features for Members

APPLY FOR A LOAN	VIEW ACCOUNT DATA	OPTION ELECTION NEW!
BENEFIT ESTIMATOR	GUARDIANSHIP FORM (Minors Only) NEW!	PLAN ENROLLMENT NEW!
SERVICE BUYBACK	MANAGE BENEFICIARIES (as eligible) NEW!	REFUNDS AND TRANSFERS NEW!
CHATBOT NEW!	SECURE MESSAGING NEW!	SET-UP AN APPOINTMENT COMING SOON!
UPDATE CONTACT INFORMATION NEW!	ONLINE PAYMENTS (e.g. loan after retirement)	SERVICE RETIREMENT NEW!
DISABILITY RETIREMENT NEW!	SAVE FOR LATER (where available) NEW!	KNOWLEDGE ARTICLES NEW!
DOCUMENT VIEWING NEW!		

Online Features for Retirees and Beneficiaries

CHATBOT NEW!	SET-UP AN APPOINTMENT COMING SOON!	PUSH NOTIFICATIONS NEW! (NYCERS to Retiree only)
UPDATE CONTACT INFORMATION NEW!	ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER (EFT) NEW!	W-4P TAX FORM
DOCUMENT VIEWING NEW!	MANAGE BENEFICIARIES (as eligible) NEW!	SAVE FOR LATER NEW! (where available)
ONLINE PAYMENTS (e.g. loan after retirement)	VIEW RETIREMENT ACCOUNT DATA	KNOWLEDGE ARTICLES NEW!

Registration instructions are available on the mobile app and on www.mynycers.org.

Call Center Hours: Monday – Friday, 8 am – 5 pm; (347) 643-3000

340 Jay Street, Bklyn, NY Mezzanine level

Forms, Brochures, Fact Sheets at www.nycers.org

Upload Documents at www.mynycers.org

(347) 643-3000 M - F, 8am to 5pm

30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl. Long Island City, NY 11101



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

NOVEMBER 2020

Q: How does the retirement process begin?

The first thing you need to do is discuss your retirement with your employer. You need to inform them of the day you want to stop working. While you may consider yourself retired on that day, you are generally not retired until you have gone off the city payroll (i.e., for most non-managerial employees, exhausted all accumulated leave time).

For managerial employees, this is not an issue because they are generally paid their accumulated time in a lump sum, thus they can stop working and "retire" on the same day!

The day after your last day on the payroll will be your retirement date and that is the date you put on your NYCERS service retirement application. Be sure you know the requirements within your plan for filing a retirement application.

To get a better idea of the retirement process, see the enclosed 'Filing For Retirement' brochure.

Q: How is my pension payment calculated?

The amount of your retirement benefit is based on the Tier and Plan you are in, as well as some, or all, of the following factors:

- Your required contributions, additional contributions, and/or ITHP (Tier 1 and 2 only)
- How many years of service you have
- Some factor of your compensation, as follows:

Tier 1: Final Salary or the average of any three best years.

Tiers 2, 3, and 4: Final Average Salary (FAS)

To help you further, please refer to our easy-to-read brochures available on our website or in our Customer Service Center or our Call Center. Tier 4 members can refer to Brochure #927 "Calculating Your Retirement Benefits", or Tier 4 members in the Transit 25-55 can refer to Brochure #930.

Q: How is my final average salary computed?

Your Final Average Salary (FAS) is the average of the wages earned in the 36 months prior to your retirement; or, the average of the wages earned in any three consecutive calendar years that you wish to use in this calculation. However, there are some important things to consider.

For Tier 2 members (and Tier 1 members with a membership

date after 06/17/71) - any year used in the calculation of the FAS (Final Salary for Tier 1) cannot exceed the average of the previous two years' wages by 20% (the previous year for Tier 1). Any amount in the excess of the 20% is not used in this calculation.

For Tiers 3 and 4 members - any year used in the calculation cannot exceed the average of the previous two years' wages by 10%. Any amount in the excess of the 10% is not used in this calculation.

NYCERS will look at every paycheck for each year used in your FAS calculation and determine where the money was earned, not paid. Tier 4 members who would like additional information on how to determine their Final Average Salary, see Brochure #929, available on our website or in our Customer Service Center or through our Call Center.

Q: What is a partial payment and how is it determined?

A partial payment, or an advance payment, is a reduced pension benefit paid to you until NYCERS can calculate your final pension based on the retirement option you select. The amount of your partial payment depends on your tier and retirement plan. See the enclosed 'Advance Payment' brochure to see how your advance payment is calculated.

Q: How long before I receive a check?

If you retired on the 1st or the 2nd of the month, you will receive an advance payment at the end of the month in which you retire.

Example: If you retire on January 2nd, your first advance payment will be on January 31.

If you retired on the 3rd or later, you will receive an advance payment at the end of the FOLLOWING month.

Example: If you retire on January 3rd, your first advance payment will be on February 28.

Q: How long before I receive an option package?

The option package is the ultimate result of processing your retirement application and the waiting period differs. Usually it takes about 6 - 8 months after your last day paid. However, if there is an unusually large number of retirement applications filed at one time, such as during an Early Retirement Incentive, or if we have difficulty gathering information, it may take longer.

Q: When will I receive my first full pension check?

You will receive your first full pension check, which will include any appropriate retroactive adjustments, approximately 2 months after we receive your retirement option selection. If NYCERS has an unusually large number of retirement applications filed at one time, the process may take longer.

Q: If I have an outstanding loan at retirement how will it affect my pension?

If you have an outstanding loan at retirement, your pension will be reduced by an actuarial factor based on your age at retirement. This reduction is for the life of the pension, unless you pay it off in a lump sum payment after retirement.

Q: Can I pay off my loan before retirement?

All loans can be fully paid before retirement. At retirement, a partial lump sum loan payment may be made to reduce your outstanding loan balance. Payment must be made before you select a retirement option.

Q: What is excess?

Excess refers to accumulated contributions and interest credited to your member account, for Tier 1 and Tier 2 members, after you have met the minimum required years of qualifying service for your plan. Excess begins to accumulate January 1st of the year following the year the minimum required years of service for your retirement plan has been met.

Being able to withdraw your excess does not mean you have met the required amount needed in your account to avoid a deficit. All excess refund applications must be received by NYCERS before your retirement date in order to be processed. Refunds may be subject to Federal taxation.

If you decide to leave your excess contributions in your account, it will result in a greater pension.

Q: Why would I have a deficit if I were paying into the system?

A deficit may occur because of a loan, withdrawal, transfer, or Social Security offset (Tier 1 and 2 members only). A deficit will result in a reduced pension allowance based on the actuarial equivalent of the deficit.

To find out if you have a deficit before retirement, you may request an estimated benefit letter, which contains estimated calculations based on a variety of options. Each plan and tier has different requirements so be sure to ask our representatives to see if you are eligible.

Q: What happens to my sick time and annual leave when I retire?

In most cases you will receive a lump sum (managerial) or be paid through bi-weekly paychecks (non-managerial); however, NYCERS has no control over this distribution. Sick time and annual leave concerns should be discussed with your human resources or personnel division. Please contact them for further information.

Q: What happens to my health insurance when I retire?

NYCERS does not administer health insurance. You should speak to your human resources or personnel division in regards to health insurance. Once you are retired, you must contact one of the following with any Health Benefit questions:

NYC Office of Labor Relations-Health Benefits Division
212-513-0470
NYC Transit Authority-Employee Benefits
646-376-0123
TBTA-Benefits Division
646-252-7935

Q: What happens when I apply for buy-back at, or right before retirement?

The process for buying back service is as follows: if the claim and verification form is submitted together, the buy-back is processed within about 4-6 weeks and a cost letter is mailed to you. Once payment is received, the service is added to your total service.

Depending on how soon your option letter is generated, it may, or may not, include the buy-back service. If you receive the option package and your buy-back service is not included, please contact NYCERS so a new letter can be generated to include such information.

Q: What happens if I retire before my new contract is settled?

If you retire before your contract is settled with the City, your retirement allowance will reflect your current compensation. However, your retirement allowance will be revised after the contract is approved and the effect of any retroactive payments made to you will be reflected in your new retirement allowance. We do these revisions automatically, however, if after 8 months of having received your option letter you still have not received your revised compensation, contact NYCERS.

Q: How do I have my pension checks go directly to the bank?

You may elect to have your payment directly deposited into your bank account by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). NYCERS will arrange EFT by obtaining an EFT authorization form from you. This process will take approximately 60 days from the receipt of your EFT authorization form. Deposits may be made to an individual or joint checking or savings account. Over 60% of NYCERS' pensioners choose EFT. It is the fastest, easiest and safest way to receive your pension check.

The day has finally come. You have decided, or at least are thinking of retiring. To help you make that decision, NYCERS wants you to have a full understanding of what happens from the minute you turn in your application to the day you receive your first retirement payment.

Filing Requirements

Filing requirements differ in each Tier and Plan. Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who meet all eligibility requirements, and wish to retire, must file an application at least 30, but not more than 90, days before the effective date that they wish to retire. Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 6 members (except members in certain special retirement plans who must adhere to requirements identical to Tier 1 and 2) may file up to the day they wish to retire, but no more than 90 days before.

NYCERS considers your retirement date to be the day after the last day you are paid. This may be different than your last day at work. When you inform your employer as to the date you wish to “stop” working, they will inform you of any unused leave time you have accumulated. Unused leave time may be paid in lump sum (generally, managers) or through paychecks (generally, non-managers). If paid through paychecks, it is especially important to coordinate with your employer to determine when those paychecks will cease. Remember, your retirement date is the day after your last day paid and receiving paychecks means you are being paid.

NYCERS encourages all members to hand deliver any applications that are time sensitive to NYCERS' Customer Service Center. You take considerable risk of undocumented or lost applications when mailing such documents. NYCERS' Customer Service Center Express Lane is designated to accept applications and will provide you with a receipt of submission for your records.

Withdrawing An Application For Service Retirement

You may withdraw your application for Service Retirement by filing Withdrawal of Service Retirement Application (Form #542, enclosed in this kit) with NYCERS up to the day before your effective date of retirement. If your request is received after your retirement date, it is denied.

Changing Your Retirement Date

If you have filed for retirement and have decided you want to change the date of your retirement, you may extend your retirement date up to 90 days from the original filing date. To change your retirement

date, you need to submit a Request to Change or Correct Retirement Date (Form #543, enclosed in this kit). Any extension longer than 90 days will require you to withdraw your application.

Your First Retirement Payment

If you are eligible for a service retirement, your case is processed for an advance payment, which is a temporary partial pension payment.

If you retire on the 1st or 2nd of the month you will receive an advance payment at the end of the month in which you retire. Example: If you retire on January 2, your first advance payment will be on January 31.

If you retire on the 3rd of the month, or later, you will receive an advance payment at the end of the following month.

Example: If you retire on January 3, your first advance payment will be on February 28.

Starting with your first advance payment, Federal income taxes will be withheld based on the election you made on your retirement application. To see how your advance payment is calculated, see the enclosed “Advance Payment” brochure.

Option Letter

An option letter breaks down the amount your pension will be under the various retirement options available to you. Once you receive this letter, you have 60 days to notify NYCERS of the option you choose. If you do not choose an option within this time frame, your retirement benefit is processed under the Maximum Retirement Allowance or, if applicable, the temporary option you selected on your retirement application. The Maximum Retirement Allowance is payable to you only for your lifetime with no benefits continuing after your death. See the enclosed “Option Letter” brochure to see an example of what you should expect.

Option

The option you select is important to both you and your beneficiary, should you choose to nominate one. Be sure you understand each option and elect the one that best fulfills your needs. The sooner you file an option selection, the sooner NYCERS can process your case for your full retirement benefit. You MAY NOT change an option once your first full payment has been sent to you. See the enclosed “Options” brochure to get an overview of the various options available to you and the impact each one may have on your retirement benefit.



Processing Your Case For Full Payment Of Your Retirement Benefit

After you have selected an option (or, by default, one has been awarded to you) your file is processed and you are placed on the pension payroll for the full amount. This payment will include retroactive amounts from your retirement date. You will then receive a letter that includes the details of the option chosen, as well as information you will need for Federal income tax purposes.

When And Where Your Pension Payments Will Be Sent

Pension checks are dated the last day of each month and are sent two business days before that date. You have various options on how to receive your pension payments.

- You may elect to have your pension checks mailed to your home, a Post Office box or any address you choose, **or**
- You may elect to have your pension payments directly deposited into your checking or savings bank account by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT).

Why EFT?

EFT ensures your payment will not be lost or stolen. Funds are automatically available in your bank account on the last day of each month. If you are interested, you must file an Authorization for Direct Deposit (EFT) of Monthly Retirement Allowance (Form #380), enclosed for your convenience.

Some of the reasons that over 60% of NYCERS' pensioners use EFT:

- SAFE: Eliminates lost or stolen checks
- SURE: Ensures that you get your retirement allowance every month, even if you're out of town, ill or on vacation
- FAST: Your account is credited on the payment date - no waiting for a pension check to clear before you can draw on it
- EASY: Eliminates a trip to the bank and waiting in lines

Lost Check

If you do not receive your check by the 10th day of the following month, notify NYCERS and an Affidavit Concerning Lost Check will be sent to you. NYCERS will not take a report of nonreceipt of a pension check until the 10th of the month.

Taxes

Taxes are automatically withheld from all pension checks you receive from NYCERS based on the Federal tax table for a person who is married claiming three exemptions, unless you indicate on your retirement application or Form #349 (Application to Change Federal Income Tax Withheld) to have taxes withheld on a different basis, or, that no taxes be withheld.

Health Insurance

NYCERS does not administer health insurance benefits. If you have any problems with coverage or deductions from your pension payments, you should call one of the following entities:

- NYC Office of Labor Relations - Health Benefits Division: (212) 513-0470
- NYC Transit Authority - Employee Benefits: (646) 376-0123
- TBTA - Benefits Division: (646) 252-7935

Change Of Address

If we do not have your current address, you could experience delays in receiving pension payments, refund checks and other important documents. To prevent this, notify NYCERS of appropriate changes.

It is important you notify NYCERS, even if your pension payment is sent directly to a bank. NYCERS needs your current address in order to mail you important correspondence, including your annual income tax statement (1099R) and quarterly EFT statements.

If NYCERS sends you correspondence and it is returned, your pension payments may be withheld until you contact NYCERS.

When You've Decided To Retire, Remember:

- If possible, hand deliver your application to NYCERS' Customer Service Center at
340 Jay Street
Downtown Brooklyn
Mezzanine Level At Renaissance Plaza
- The date you retire determines when you will receive your first advance payment, but will not affect your pension in the long run.
- Take careful consideration when choosing your Retirement Option, but be sure to make a selection and return it to NYCERS within 60 days.
- The sooner you select your option, the sooner your full check will be distributed.
- Make sure you let NYCERS know if you move, even during your retirement!





Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101



**Application for Service Retirement
Tier 2, 3, 4 and 6 Members**

This application is for Tier 2, 3, 4 and 6 members who wish to apply for Service Retirement. This application also allows you to elect one of two temporary options before you elect a permanent option and thereby make a final decision regarding the way in which your retirement benefit will be paid. If you wish to elect a different option please contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000.

By electing a temporary option, you protect your beneficiary(ies) during the period between your effective retirement date and the date NYCERS receives your Permanent Retirement Option Election Form (the "Interim Period"). If you die during the Interim Period, the beneficiary you name below will receive a continuing benefit after your death. **Please carefully read the instructions below and on the last page before completing this form. Sign the form and have it notarized on page 4.**

You must return all pages of this form even if you intentionally left any of them blank. Do not alter anything on this form, as that will render it invalid. **NOTE: If the address you provide on this form is different from your address in our system, the new address will become your official address in our records.** Contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000 if you have any questions.

No advance (partial) pension payment will be sent to you until NYCERS has acceptable proof of your identity and birthdate on file. (See Fact Sheets 709 and 711 for details.)

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Daytime Phone Number	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]
		()	/ /
First Name		M.I.	Last Name
Address			Apt. Number
City		State	Zip Code
Agency		Title	

I hereby make application for retirement from City service to take effect on [MM/DD/YYYY]
/ /,

with my retirement allowance to begin on the effective date of my retirement, or on the initial date of payability, whichever is later.

Tier 2 members: If you do not elect a temporary option and you die during the Interim Period, you will be deemed to have elected Option 1 as your temporary option and your membership contributions plus accumulated interest will be paid to the beneficiary(ies) NYCERS has on file for you.

Tier 3, 4 and 6 members: If you do not elect a temporary option and you die during the Interim Period, you will be deemed to have elected the Maximum Retirement Allowance as your temporary option and your pension will cease upon your death.

Temporary Option Election

The two temporary options are: the 100% Joint-and-Survivor Option and the Ten-Year Certain Option. Please read the descriptions of both before choosing only one temporary option. Provide information about your beneficiary(ies) following the option you have elected. Use your beneficiary's given name (Mary Smith, not Mrs. John Smith).

- **If you choose the 100% Joint-and-Survivor Option**, you may designate only one beneficiary. Under this option, NYCERS requires proof of birthdate for your beneficiary as well as additional valid documentation, such as a marriage certificate(s), for all names that your beneficiary has been known by that are different from the name on the birthdate evidence you submit.
- **If you choose the Ten-Year Certain Option**, you may designate one primary and one contingent beneficiary, and birthdate evidence for your beneficiary is not required. Tier 2 and 3 members may designate their Estate for the Ten-Year Certain Option (see page 3); Tier 4 and 6 members may not.

Sign this form and have it notarized, Page 4



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101

--

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN

CHOOSE ONLY ONE OPTION:

100% Joint-and-Survivor

This temporary option provides your designated beneficiary with a lifetime benefit if you die during the Interim Period. The benefit is calculated as if you had elected the 100% Joint-and-Survivor Option as your permanent option. Among the factors considered in the calculation are the life expectancies of both you and your designated beneficiary. Under this option, you receive a reduced pension (a pension lower than the Maximum Retirement Allowance) because the same amount is to be paid over two lifetimes. In this case, the benefit payable to your beneficiary for his or her lifetime would be 100% of the reduced pension you would have received during your lifetime.

The beneficiary whom I wish to nominate to receive the 100% Joint-and-Survivor benefit is:

Joint-and-Survivor Beneficiary	First Name	M.I.	Last Name
	Full Social Security Number	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]	Relationship
	/ /		
	Address		Apt. Number
City		State	Zip Code

If this beneficiary is a minor, check here and submit Form #137. If Form #137 is not submitted, NYCERS requires Letters of Guardianship for the Estate of the minor in order to pay a benefit to the minor.

--OR--

Ten-Year Certain (Tier 4 and 6 members MAY NOT NAME THEIR ESTATE for this option)

This temporary option provides that a benefit will be paid for 10 years if you die during the Interim Period. The benefit is calculated as if you had elected the Ten-Year Certain Option as your permanent option. Unlike a Joint-and-Survivor Option, the benefit payable under the Ten-Year Certain Option is not based on life expectancies, but rather on a defined period of time. Under this option, you receive a reduced pension (a pension lower than the Maximum Retirement Allowance) because the same amount continues for the remainder of the 10-year period upon your death. In this case, the benefit payable to your primary beneficiary is the same reduced pension you would have received during your lifetime. Should a primary beneficiary die after receiving payments, the balance will be paid in a lump sum to your contingent beneficiary. If none exists, the lump-sum balance is paid to the Estate of the primary beneficiary.

The beneficiary(ies) whom I wish to nominate to receive the Ten-Year Certain benefit is:

Ten-Year Certain Primary Beneficiary	First Name	M.I.	Last Name
	Full Social Security Number	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]	Relationship
	/ /		
	Address		Apt. Number
City		State	Zip Code

If this beneficiary is a minor, check here and complete the guardian information on Form #137. If Form #137 is not submitted, NYCERS requires Letters of Guardianship for the Estate of the minor in order to pay a benefit to the minor.



Mail completed form to:
 30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
 Long Island City, NY 11101

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN

Ten-Year Certain Contingent Beneficiary	First Name	M.I.	Last Name
	Full Social Security Number	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]	Relationship
	/ /		
	Address		Apt. Number
City		State	Zip Code

If this beneficiary is a minor, check here and complete the guardian information on Form #137. If Form #137 is not submitted, NYCERS requires Letters of Guardianship for the Estate of the minor in order to pay a benefit to the minor.

--OR--

Designation of Estate for Ten-Year Certain – MEMBERS RETIRING UNDER TIER 2 OR TIER 3 ONLY:

I understand that by checking this box, the benefit payable under the Ten-Year Certain Option will be payable to my Estate in a lump sum.

Federal Tax Withholding

Federal tax law provides that all payers are required to withhold Federal income tax on periodic payments (similar to wages), unless you elect to be excluded from such withholding. This election will remain in effect until revoked by you. If you do not complete this election, Federal income tax will be withheld at the rate of a married individual claiming three exemptions.

Please indicate your withholding selection by marking the appropriate choice below:

1. Do not withhold Federal income tax from my pension. (Do not complete 2 or 3 if you select this option)
2. Withhold based on number of exemptions using the following status (You **may** also enter a dollar amount in choice 3):
 (Check one only) Single Married Married, but withhold at higher "Single" rate
3. In addition to the amount withheld based on my exemptions and filing status in choice 2,
 I would like to withhold \$ Per Month (Must specify dollar amount only)

Note: You cannot enter an amount here without entering a number of exemptions in choice 2 (even if that number is zero).

Option Package

After your retirement date, NYCERS will send you an option package containing information regarding the amounts payable under the Maximum Retirement Allowance and the various options available. The package will include Permanent Retirement Option Election forms. Even if you are satisfied with the temporary option you elect on this form, you will be required, within 60 days of the date NYCERS mails you the option package, to make a permanent election of either the Maximum Retirement Allowance or an option that pays a benefit to your beneficiary(ies). With the Maximum Retirement Allowance, all payments cease at the time of your death. If you elect a joint-and-survivor option, that beneficiary's life expectancy is factored into the calculation. If you fail to elect a permanent option in the time specified, you will be finalized under the temporary option elected on this form. If you do not elect a temporary option on this form and you do not file a permanent option election, you will be finalized under Option 1 (Tier 2 members) or the Maximum Retirement Allowance (Tier 3, 4 and 6 members).

Returning to Work

Service retirees who are returning to public service within New York City or New York State may be subject to earnings limitations. Please see NYCERS' Brochure #958 for complete details on earnings limitations for service retirees.



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN

I, the undersigned, hereby make application for payment of a Service Retirement Benefit under the applicable provisions of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Signature of Member	Date

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____
Official Title _____
Expiration Date of Commission _____

If you have an official seal, affix it

INSTRUCTIONS

Complete this form in its entirety, sign it, have it notarized, and send it to NYCERS at the mailing address above. If you wish to file this form in person, visit our Customer Service Center on the Mezzanine Level at 340 Jay Street, Brooklyn, NY 11201. If you have any questions regarding this form, or if you wish to elect an option other than one of the two provided on this form, please contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000.

Your Retirement Date

Before filing this application with NYCERS, you must check with your agency to determine if you are entitled to payment of any terminal leave or accumulated annual leave. If you are entitled to be paid on the payroll for any leave time due you, the agency will advise you what your last day of pay will be. The effective date of retirement requested on this application should be the day after the last day you are paid by your agency. **NOTE: You must file a loan or buyback application before the effective date of retirement.**

When to File This Application with NYCERS

Tier 2 members: This application must be filed with NYCERS not less than 30 nor more than 90 days prior to the effective date of your retirement. You must be in City service on the date this application is filed with NYCERS, and you must remain in City service up to the effective date of your retirement. (A member carried on an agency payroll on a leave of absence without pay is considered to be in City service for retirement purposes.)

Tier 3 and 22-Year Plan members eligible for immediate payability of a retirement benefit: This application may be filed with NYCERS up to the day before the effective date of retirement, but not more than 90 days prior to the effective date of retirement.

Tier 4 and Tier 6 members eligible for immediate payability of a retirement benefit: This application may be filed with NYCERS up to the day before the effective date of retirement, but not more than 90 days prior to the effective date of retirement. Participants in the Tier 4 and Tier 6 Dispatchers 25-Year Plan, EMT 25-Year Plan, Deputy Sheriff 25-Year Plan, Automotive Service Worker 25 Year/Age 50 Plan, Police Communications Technician 25-Year Plan and Special Officers 25-Year Plan are subject to different filing requirements. A member in one of these special plans must file this application at least 30 but not more than 90 days prior to the effective date of retirement, and must be a participant in the special plan on the day before the effective date of retirement.

Tier 4 members with Tier 3 rights: Do not submit this form. Please call NYCERS at (347) 643-3000.

Withdrawing an Application

This application for service retirement may be withdrawn by you any time prior to the effective date of your retirement by filing a written request with NYCERS.

Sign this form and have it notarized, THIS PAGE



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101



Withdrawal of Service Retirement Application

You may withdraw your Service Retirement Application by filing this form with NYCERS up to the day before your effective date of retirement. If your request is received on or after your retirement date, it is denied. **NOTE: If the address you provide on this form is different from your address in our system, the new address will become your official address in our records.**

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Home Phone Number	Work Phone Number
		()	()

First Name	M.I.	Last Name

in Care of (if applicable)

Address	Apt. Number

City	State	Zip Code

I, the undersigned, employed as

in the Department of

filed an application for service retirement on [MM/DD/YYYY]
/ / to take effect on [MM/DD/YYYY]
/ /.

I hereby **WITHDRAW** said application for retirement.

Signature of Member	Date

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared

before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____
Official Title _____
Expiration Date of Commission _____

If you have an official seal, affix it

Sign this form and have it notarized, THIS PAGE



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101



Request to Change or Correct Retirement Date

If you previously filed a Service Retirement Application with NYCERS, you may change your retirement date by filing this form with NYCERS up to the day before your effective retirement date. If your request is received on or after your retirement date, it is denied.

Note: You cannot change your retirement date if you are already receiving your pension from NYCERS.

Send this form to NYCERS, 30-30 47th Avenue, 10th floor, Long Island City, NY 11101, or bring it to NYCERS' Customer Service Center at 340 Jay Street, Mezzanine Level, Brooklyn, NY. **NOTE: If the address you provide on this form is different from your address in our system, the new address will become your official address in our records.**

No advance (partial) pension payment will be sent to you until NYCERS has a copy of your birth certificate on file.

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Home Phone Number ()	Work Phone Number ()
---------------	----------------------	-----------------------------	-----------------------------

First Name	M.I.	Last Name
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In Care of (if applicable)

Address	Apt. Number
---------	-------------

City	State	Zip Code
------	-------	----------

I, the undersigned, employed as

Agency

in the

filed an application for service retirement with NYCERS on [MM/DD/YYYY] / /

I requested that the date of retirement be made effective [MM/DD/YYYY] / /

It is now my desire to change or correct the retirement date to [MM/DD/YYYY] / /

Signature of Member	Date
---------------------	------

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____
Official Title _____
Expiration Date of Commission _____

If you have an official seal, affix it



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101



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Authorization for Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) of Monthly Retirement Allowance

Complete this form if you wish to have your NYCERS check automatically deposited into your bank (checking or savings) account by Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT). Be sure to read the instructions on the back of this form before submitting it to NYCERS. **NOTE: If the address you provide on this form is different from your address in our system, the new address will become your official address in our records.** Should you have any questions, please contact our Call Center at 347-643-3000.

Member Number	OR	Pension Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Daytime Phone ()
First Name		M.I.	Last Name	
Address				Apt. Number
City			State	Zip Code

Provide the banking information below and attach a preprinted personal check or deposit slip or a copy of your checking or savings account bank statement. Your name must appear on the preprinted check or bank document and it must match the name in NYCERS' records exactly in order for us to process this request.

I wish to deposit my monthly retirement allowance in my Checking or Savings account. I have read and understand the conditions on page 2 of this form and hereby authorize NYCERS to send my monthly retirement allowance via EFT.

BANKING INFORMATION (please print):

Bank Name	Phone Number	
Branch Address		
City	State	Zip Code
Account Number	Bank Routing Number	
Signature of Member	Date	

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared

before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____
 Official Title _____
 Expiration Date of Commission _____

If you have an official seal, affix it

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If payments are transferred in error by NYCERS, the bank will return such payments to NYCERS as authorized by the depositor. The bank also agrees to apply the same procedures described in 31 CFR 210 to such transfers, and agrees to reimburse NYCERS to the same extent as Federal agencies are reimbursed under 31 CFR 210.



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101



Filling out this form and submitting it to NYCERS authorizes:

1. The Office of the Comptroller of the City of New York, on behalf of the New York City Employees' Retirement System (NYCERS) to send my monthly retirement allowance via Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) to the bank* designated on this form for deposit in my account.
2. My bank: (a) to receive my monthly retirement allowance via EFT for deposit in my account AND (b) to deduct from my designated account or deposits in my name at this bank all amounts transferred in error by NYCERS or any amounts sent after my death and to reimburse NYCERS to the extent of such deductions, applying the same procedures described in 31 CFR 210 to such transfers in error and reimbursing NYCERS to the same extent as Federal agencies are reimbursed under 31 CFR 210.
3. My heirs, my estate and designated beneficiaries of my monthly retirement allowance, respectively, to reimburse NYCERS for any amount deposited in error after my death, in event that my account is closed or contains an insufficient balance to reimburse NYCERS.

This EFT authorization will remain in effect until I have given written notice to NYCERS canceling the EFT.

* The bank you name must be a member of the Automated Clearing House in order for your funds to be deposited electronically.

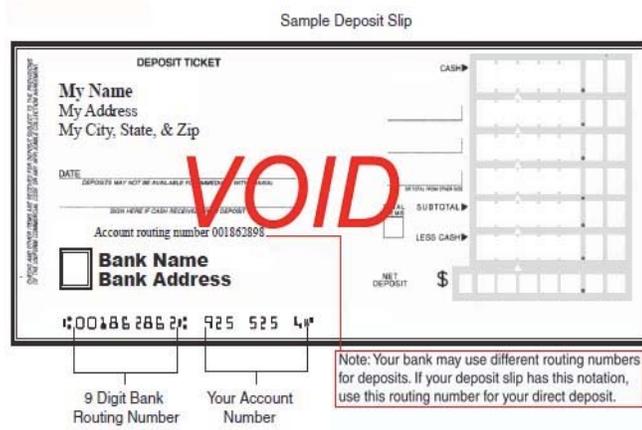
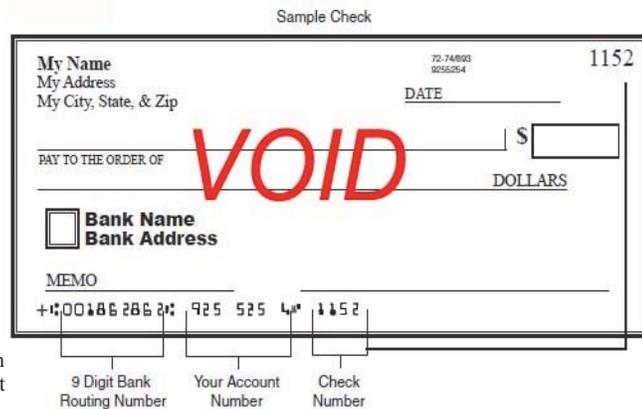
HOW EFT WORKS:

1. Your net retirement allowance is automatically credited to your bank account on the last day of each month providing it's a business day; if the last day is a weekend or holiday, the funds are deposited on the next business day.
2. Your monthly net retirement allowance will appear on your bank statement.
3. A quarterly statement, issued by the Office of the Comptroller, will be mailed to your home address. It will reflect details of your monthly retirement allowance, including deductions for union dues, health insurance and federal income tax withheld during the three-month period.

Your monthly retirement allowance can be deposited in either your checking or savings account - NOT split between both.

TO AUTHORIZE EFT:

- Provide your personal and banking information on page 1.
- Attach a preprinted personal check (name must appear on check) or preprinted savings deposit slip to this page. If your bank no longer provides personal checks or preprinted savings deposit slips, attach a copy of the top portion of your Checking or Savings Account Bank Statement.
- If submitting a preprinted check or deposit slip write VOID (in large letters) across the face, as indicated in the sample.
- Do NOT sign the check that you are attaching to this page.
- The name on your bank account **must match exactly** your name in NYCERS' records.



Note: It may take up to 45 days from receipt of this form for the account to be processed for EFT.



PROOF OF IDENTITY FACT SHEET

APRIL 2015

The New York City Employees' Retirement System (NYCERS) will accept certain documents from members, pensioners, or beneficiaries as proof of their name (not proof of date of birth) or change of name.

The appropriate items from **Part I - Proof of Identity Section A and Section B** must be provided to satisfy requirements for acceptable proof of identification of name.

The appropriate items from **Part II - Proof of Name Change** must be provided as proof of a name change.

If the individual is unable to provide sufficient proof as listed above (such as for non-U.S. Citizens), the matter will be handled on a case-by-case basis by the division manager.

Part I. Proof of Identity. The following are acceptable proofs of name identification. Appropriate items from Section A and Section B must be provided:

A) The individual must show a **U.S. Social Security Card**; if none exists, then any of the following may substitute for a Social Security Card:

- Medicaid or Medicare Card, or
- Social Security Annual Statement, or
- Original letter from Social Security Administration stating individual's Social Security number and date of birth (must be on official letterhead), or
- 1099.

B) In addition to the requirements in Section A above, the individual must provide **one (1)** item from Section I or **two (2)** items from Section II or **three (3)** items from Section III:

Section I: Any **one (1)** of the following:

- Driver's License, Learner Permit or Non-Driver ID Card with Photo that is current or expired for not more than two (2) years, from any State within the United States or U.S. Territory¹, or
- U.S. Passport or Passport Card, or
- U.S. Military Photo ID Card, or
- Certificate of Naturalization, or
- Certificate of Citizenship, or
- Original or certified copy of U.S. or U.S. Territory Birth Certificate showing both first and last name, issued by a Board of Health or Bureau of Vital Statistics. **Note:** Birth Certificates from Puerto Rico issued prior to July 1, 2010 are invalid and, thus, not acceptable. If no valid Birth Certificate from Puerto Rico can be provided, then the individual may submit other proof of identification in lieu of the Birth Certificate in accordance with this section, or
- U.S. DOS Consular Report of Birth Abroad (FS-240, DS-1350, F-545), or
- Benefit/Medicaid/NY Food Stamp Card with Photo, or
- Current Resident Alien or Permanent Resident Card, or
- Valid New York City Municipal ID Card (IDNYC)

¹ (U.S. Territories are: American Samoa, Guam, Mariana Islands, Marshall Islands, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands and Wake Island).

OR

Proof of Identity #711 - Page 1



340 Jay Street, Brooklyn, NY
Mezzanine level



30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101



(347) 643-3000



www.nycers.org

Section II: If the individual cannot satisfy the requirements of Section I, then any **two (2)** of the following are acceptable:

- U.S. State Certificate of Title issued for any vehicle
- U.S. State Interim License or Computer-generated Learner Permit
- U.S. State Professional License
- U.S. State Registration Document (Vehicle or Boat only)
- U.S. State or Canadian Province or territory Photo Driver License (must be current or expired no longer than one (1) year)
- U.S. Marriage or Divorce Record OR Court issued Name Change Decree
- U.S. Military Dependent ID Card
- Benefit/Medicaid/NY Food Stamp Card without Photo

Section III: If the individual has **none** of the items in Section II, then **three (3)** of the following are acceptable. However, if the individual can provide only **one** of the items from Section II, then any **two (2)** of the following are required:

- Bank Statement
- Cancelled Check (with pre-printed name and address)
- Federal or State Income Tax W-2 (with SSN)
- U.S. Cash or Debit card (ATM) OR Valid Major U.S. Credit Card (must have signature and pre-printed name)
- U.S. Computer Printed Pay Stub (with name and address)
- U.S. Employee ID Card
- U.S. College ID
- U.S. Health Insurance Card/Prescription Card to show current proof of health insurance coverage
- U.S. Union Card
- U.S. Utility bill with name and address. (A utility bill is a bill containing the applicant's name and address for any recurring service such as home phone, cell phone, electric, gas, garbage collection, or water bill).
- Veteran's Universal Access Photo ID Card

Part II. Proof of Name Change. In order to change a name in our records, the individual must present his/her Birth Certificate, Name Change Affidavit, and:

1. For women who were previously married and have resumed the use of their maiden name, a copy of the judgment of divorce authorizing the use of the maiden name; or
2. For members who have had multiple name changes, NYCERS requires documentation, such as a marriage certificate or divorce decree, for each change of name, up to and including the current name;
3. If a name was changed by court order, a copy of such court order; or
4. For all other name changes, the individual must comply with Part I above (Sections A and B); or
5. If the requirements from Part I cannot be satisfied then any **three (3)** of the following additional documents showing the changed name will be acceptable:
 - A school record
 - A bible or other family record (the original document must be presented for our examination)
 - An insurance policy
 - An employment record showing name
 - A child's birth certificate which shows member's/pensioner's name
 - An immigration record
 - Some other record which shows the name, for example; hospital treatment, labor union, permits, licenses, voting registration receipts, valid New York City Municipal ID Card (IDNYC)

Proof of Identity #711 - Page 2

 340 Jay Street, Brooklyn, NY
Mezzanine level

 30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101

 (347) 643-3000

 www.nycers.org



BIRTHDATE EVIDENCE ALTERNATIVES FACT SHEET

NOVEMBER 2015

NYCERS requires a copy of your birth certificate, and in some cases a copy of your beneficiary's birth certificate as well, in order to calculate retirement benefits. This fact sheet lists alternative documentation that NYCERS will accept as evidence of birthdate if you cannot provide a legible, English-language birth certificate.

In place of documents that are in a language other than English, please submit a notarized English translation of the birth certificate, as well as a copy of your original.

In place of documents that are illegible, please submit a clear, legible copy of the birth certificate free of markings and erasures.

If you are unable to obtain an original birth certificate, you may submit a letter from the Social Security Administration containing date of birth, or a copy of one of the following that shows a birthdate:

Hospital birth record	Current U.S. Passport or U.S. Passport Card
Ecclesiastical record (religious document; this must indicate date of birth or age)	Naturalization (citizenship) certificate
State or Federal census record	A "delayed" birth certificate
Current Resident Alien or Permanent Resident Card	

If you do not have a birth certificate or any of the documents listed above, you (or your beneficiary) must **complete a Birth Evidence Affidavit** and submit it to NYCERS with a copy of **any three (3) of the following documents that show a birthdate**:

School record	Your child's birth certificate showing your date of birth
Signed statement by the physician/midwife who was in attendance at birth	Immigration record
Bible or other family record (do not tear out a page; bring full record or book to our Customer Service Center)	Hospital chart/record
Insurance policy	Current Foreign Passport
Marriage record	Labor union or fraternal records
Employment record	Permit, license, voter registration, NYC Municipal ID Card

If your name is different from the name on the birthdate evidence, you are required to provide additional valid documentation explaining the name change, such as a court order, a copy of a marriage certificate or divorce papers. Please write your member number on any document that you send.

Birth Certificates from Puerto Rico issued prior to July 1, 2010 are invalid and therefore not acceptable.

Birthdate Evidence Alternatives Fact Sheet #709

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The Retirement Process



Advance Payments

All Tiers

March 2019

Below are the calculations used to determine your monthly advance pension payment. This is only a temporary partial pension payment. Once you select an option, NYCERS will calculate and pay your full pension payment. The date of your retirement will determine when you receive your first payment. See the "Filing For Retirement" Brochure #891 to determine when you will receive your first partial payment.

PLAN	Tier 1 <i>Membership prior to 7/1/1973</i>	Tier 2 <i>Membership from 7/1/1973 through 7/26/1976</i>	Tier 3 <i>Membership from 7/27/1976 through 8/31/1983</i>	Tier 4 <i>Membership from 9/1/1983 through 3/31/2012</i>	Tier 6 and Modified Tier 3 <i>Membership on or after 4/1/2012</i>
Special Officer 25-Year Plan	44% times earnings divided by 12	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
Auto Worker 25-Year Plan	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
Deputy Sheriff 25-Year Plan	N/A	44% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	44% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
911 Communications Operators Plan	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
Police 20-Year Plan, Mod P-20 (Tier 2)	40% times earnings divided by 12	35% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sanitation 20-Year Plan, Mod S-20 (Tier 2)	40% times earnings divided by 12	35% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sanitation 20-Year Plan	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A
Transit 20-Year Plan, Mod T-20 (Tier 2)	40% times earnings divided by 12	35% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transit 25/55 Plan	N/A	N/A	N/A	For under 30 years of service, 40% times FAS divided by 12 For 30 or more years of service, 45% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
Career Pension Plan (CPP)	44% times earnings divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dispatcher 25-Year Plan	44% times FAS divided by 12	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
EMT 25-Year Plan	44% times FAS divided by 12	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
Modified CPP, CPP-I (Tier 2) Plan	N/A	44% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A

Advance Payments Fact Sheet #892 – Page 1



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PLAN	Tier 1 <i>Membership prior to 7/1/1973</i>	Tier 2 <i>Membership From 7/1/1973 through 7/26/1976</i>	Tier 3 <i>Membership From 7/27/1976 through 8/31/1983</i>	Tier 4 <i>Membership From 9/1/1983 through 3/31/2012</i>	Tier 6 and Modified Tier 3 <i>Membership on or after 4/1/2012</i>
DA Investigators 20-Year Plan	N/A	44% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A
DA Investigators 25-Year Plan	N/A	44% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A
22-Year Plan for Sanitation Force, Correction Force and DA Investigators who joined on or after 4/1/2012 (Modified Tier 3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<p>Less than 22 years: 35% times 5-year FAS divided by 12</p> <p>Greater than 22 years: 40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12</p>
TBTA 20-Year Plan	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times 5-year FAS divided by 12
55-Year-Increased-Service-Fraction Plan (ISF)	1.20% times total years of service times last full year of earnings divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Modified ISF Plan, ISF-I Plan	N/A	1.20% times full years of service times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A
Coordinated-Escalator Plan Article 14 (Tier 3)	N/A	N/A	80% times 1% times full years of service times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A
Basic Tier 4 Plan (62/5)	N/A	N/A	<p>Under 20 Years of Service: 1.20% times FAS times years of service minus [outstanding loan divided by actuarial factor] divided by 12</p> <p>Over 20 Years of Service: 1.50% times FAS times years of service minus [outstanding loan divided by actuarial factor] divided by 12</p>	N/A	N/A
25-Year Retirement Plan (55/25) – AND – Age-57 Retirement Plan (57/5)	N/A	N/A	N/A	<p>Under 20 Years of Service: 1.20% times FAS times years of service minus [outstanding loan divided by actuarial factor] divided by 12</p> <p>Over 20 Years of Service: 1.50% times FAS times years of service minus [outstanding loan divided by actuarial factor] divided by 12</p>	N/A

Advance Payments Fact Sheet #892 – Page 2



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PLAN	Tier 1 <i>Membership prior to 7/1/1973</i>	Tier 2 <i>Membership From 7/1/1973 through 7/26/1976</i>	Tier 3 <i>Membership From 7/27/1976 through 8/31/1983</i>	Tier 4 <i>Membership From 9/1/1983 through 3/31/2012</i>	Tier 6 and Modified Tier 3 <i>Membership on or after 4/1/2012</i>
Basic Tier 6 (63/10) Retirement Plan	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<p>Under 20 years: 1.20% times 5-year FAS times years of service minus [outstanding loan divided by actuarial factor] divided by 12</p> <p>Over 20 years: 1.50% times 5-year FAS times years of service minus [outstanding loan divided by actuarial factor] divided by 12</p>
Correction Officer 20-Year Plan	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A
Correction Captain 20-Year Plan	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A
Correction Officer 25-Year Plan	N/A	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A
Correction Force 20-Year Plan	N/A	N/A	40% times FAS divided by 12	N/A	N/A
Other than above	80% times 1% times full years of service times Final Compensation divided by 12	80% times 1% times full years of service times Final Compensation divided by 12	N/A	N/A	N/A

Advance Payments Fact Sheet #892 – Page 3



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REDUCTION FACTORS FOR ADVANCED PAYMENTS (SERVICE RETIREMENTS)

Reduction factor for attained age on date of retirement, to be used in Tier 2 CPP and ISF formulas for members retiring prior to normal retirement age (62):									
Age at Retirement	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	
Reduction Factor	None	6.0%	12.0%	15.0%	18.0%	21.0%	24.0%	27.0%	
Reduction factor for attained age on date of retirement, to be used in Tier 3 formulas for members retiring prior to normal retirement age (62):									
Age at Retirement	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	
Reduction Factor	None	6.7%	13.3%	16.7%	20.0%	23.3%	26.7%	30.0%	
Reduction factor for attained age on date of retirement, to be used in the Basic Tier 4 (62/5) Plan formulas for members retiring prior to normal retirement age (62):									
Age at Retirement	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	
Reduction Factor	None	6.0%	12.0%	15.0%	18.0%	21.0%	24.0%	27.0%	
Reduction factor for attained age on date of retirement, to be used in the Basic Tier 6 (63/10) Plan formulas for members retiring prior to normal retirement age (63):									
Age at Retirement	63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55
Reduction Factor	None	6.5%	13.0%	19.5%	26.0%	32.5%	39.0%	45.5%	52.0%

Below is the strict definition of how your pension is calculated. However, when calculating your advance payment, NYCERS will substitute your FAS or Final Compensation with your earnings, or the average of the last three years (five years for Tier 6 members), as indicated on your W2 form.

FAS: Your Final Average Salary is the average of the wages earned in the 36 months (60 months for Tier 6 members) prior to your retirement; or, the average of the wages earned in any three (five for Tier 6) consecutive calendar years that you wish to use in this calculation. However, there are some important things to consider:

- **Tier 2 members (and Tier 1 members with a membership date after 06/17/71):** Any year used in the calculation of the FAS (Final Salary for Tier 1) cannot exceed the average of the previous two years' wages by 20% (the previous year for Tier 1). Any amount in excess of the 20% is not used in this calculation.
- **Tier 3 and Tier 4 members:** Any year used in the calculation of the FAS cannot exceed the average of the previous two years' wages by 10%. Any amount in excess of the 10% is not used in this calculation.
- **Tier 6 and Modified Tier 3 members:** Any year used in the calculation of the FAS cannot exceed the average of the previous four years' wages by 10%. Any amount in excess of the 10% is not used in this calculation.
- **Final Compensation:** The average compensation earned during the five-year period immediately preceding a member's retirement, or any consecutive five calendar-year period before the member's retirement that would provide him or her with the greatest average compensation.

No advance (partial) pension payment will be sent to you until NYCERS has a copy of your birth certificate or other valid birthdate evidence on file.



Maximum Compensation Limit under IRC 401(a)(17) for 2023 and Prior Retirements, As Applicable



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All Tiers

December 2022

The Omnibus Budget and Reconciliation Act of 1993 (OBRA '93) reduced the Maximum Compensation Limit under IRC 401(a)(17) for employees of the private sector. After a transition period the compensation limit was extended to include eligible participants of governmental state and local plans.

OBRA '93 reduced the Maximum Compensation Limit under IRC 401(a)(17) from \$235,840 to \$150,000 for employees of private sector Qualified Plans effective for plan years beginning in 1994. The Maximum Compensation Limit under IRC 401(a)(17) for plan years beginning in 1993 was \$235,840. The \$150,000 Maximum Compensation Limit under IRC 401(a)(17) is adjusted annually for cost-of-living increases in accordance with IRS guidelines.

While OBRA '93 reduced the Maximum Compensation Limit for the private sector for plan years beginning after December 31, 1993, it provided a "Transitional Rule" for "eligible participants" of governmental state and local plans.

An eligible participant for this purpose is defined as any individual who first became a participant in the plan prior to the first plan year beginning after December 31, 1995.

Therefore, the NYCERS members who joined the retirement system prior to July 1, 1996 (first plan year beginning after 12/31/1995) are exempt from the OBRA '93 Maximum Compensation Limit reductions and are "grandfathered" in the Maximum Compensation Limit rules that were in effect as of July 1, 1993 as escalated to the date of benefit determination.

However, members who first joined the plan on or after July 1, 1996 are not eligible for the "grandfathered" Pre-OBRA '93 Maximum Compensation Limit and are subject to the private sector reduced Maximum Compensation Limit under OBRA '93 as escalated to the date of benefit determination.

Please note that the Maximum Compensation Limits under IRC 401(a)(17) are adjusted annually by the IRS effective as of January 1.

IRS Regulation 1.401(a)(17) – 1(b)(3)(ii) provides that for plans that determine compensation used in determining benefit accruals on the basis of compensation for a 12-consecutive-month period or periods, the annual Maximum Compensation Limit to be applied to the compensation for each of those periods is the Maximum Compensation Limit in effect for the respective calendar year in which each 12-month period begins.

Therefore, any Maximum Compensation Limit under IRC 401(a)(17) as adjusted for cost-of-living is to be applied to the compensation in each 12-month period in the member's Final Average Salary period and is based on the respective IRC 401(a)(17) Maximum Compensation Limit in effect at the beginning of each respective 12-month period.

For example, the annual Maximum Compensation Limit for 2023 which became effective as of January 1, 2023 is to be applied to the compensation for any 12-month period beginning in 2023.

The Maximum Compensation Limits for 2023 are \$330,000 for non-grandfathered members of the NYCERS and \$490,000 for grandfathered members of the NYCERS.

The Maximum Compensation Limits under IRC 401(a)(17) as adjusted for cost-of-living are also to be applied to any required member contribution during a calendar year so that the member is not charged contributions for any compensation in excess of the respective calendar year Maximum Compensation Limit.



The effective grandfathered (Pre-OBRA '93) and OBRA '93 Compensation Limits since 1996 are presented below:

Calendar Year	Maximum Compensation Limits	
	Grandfathered	OBRA '93
1996	\$250,000	\$150,000
1997	260,000	160,000
1998	265,000	160,000
1999	270,000	160,000
2000	275,000	170,000
2001	285,000	170,000
2002	295,000	200,000
2003	300,000	200,000
2004	305,000	205,000
2005	315,000	210,000
2006	325,000	220,000
2007	335,000	225,000
2008	345,000	230,000
2009	360,000	245,000
2010	360,000	245,000
2011	360,000	245,000
2012	375,000	250,000
2013	380,000	255,000
2014	385,000	260,000
2015	395,000	265,000
2016	395,000	265,000
2017	400,000	270,000
2018	405,000	275,000
2019	415,000	280,000
2020	425,000	285,000
2021	430,000	290,000
2022	450,000	305,000
2023	490,000	330,000

Note: Wages in excess of the annual salary paid to the Governor of the State of New York are excluded from wages used in the calculation of the Final Average Salary for Tier 6 Basic (63/5) and Tier 6 Special Plan members. The Governor’s salary for calendar year 2023 is \$250,000.



Loan Reduction Factors For 2023 Retirements



**NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

Tier 3, 4, and 6

January 2023

An outstanding loan at retirement will permanently reduce your retirement benefit. The amount of the reduction in your benefit depends on the date of your retirement, your age at retirement, the size of the loan, and whether you are in a Uniformed title (Correction or Sanitation members) or a Non-Uniformed title.

The chart below illustrates the benefit reduction in dollars for every \$1,000 of an outstanding loan, based on a table of factors used for 2023 service retirements from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023 for Uniformed and Non-Uniformed titles.

On each chart, locate your age at retirement and multiply the amount in the corresponding box by how many \$1,000's of loan dollars are still unpaid.

Example: Age 61 (Non-Uniformed) with a \$10,000 outstanding loan
 Age 61 (Non-Uniformed) = \$66.96 per \$1,000 of loan
 Multiply that by 10 (for the \$10,000 loan)
 \$66.96 x 10 = \$669.60
 Your annual Maximum Retirement Allowance will be reduced by \$669.60.

Outstanding Loan Reduction Amounts Based on 2023 Loan Factors *					
Age at Retirement	Annual Reduction per \$1,000 of Loan		Age at Retirement	Annual Reduction per \$1,000 of Loan	
	2023 Non-Uniformed	2023 Uniformed		2023 Non-Uniformed	2023 Uniformed
40	\$49.01	\$49.45	58	\$63.18	\$64.07
41	49.52	49.98	59	64.37	65.30
42	50.06	50.54	60	65.63	66.60
43	50.61	51.11	61	66.96	67.98
44	51.19	51.71	62	68.36	69.43
45	51.80	52.34	63	69.85	70.96
46	52.44	53.00	64	71.42	72.59
47	53.11	53.69	65	73.12	74.33
48	53.82	54.43	66	74.94	76.21
49	54.57	55.20	67	76.89	78.24
50	55.36	56.02	68	79.00	80.41
51	56.21	56.89	69	81.28	82.76
52	57.08	57.80	70	83.77	85.33
53	57.99	58.74	71	86.51	88.16
54	58.94	59.72	72	89.45	91.21
55	59.93	60.74	73	92.66	94.54
56	60.97	61.80	74	96.16	98.17
57	62.05	62.91	75	100.02	102.20

* Please note that the examples shown above reflect Service Retirement only. If you retired under Disability, these numbers would change and your reduction may be greater.

Loan Reduction Factors #714



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Options for Tier 3 Members (including 22-Year Plan)

TIER 3 INCLUDING 22-YEAR PLAN

JULY 2016

This information is intended for use by: (1) members of the Uniformed Force of the NYC Department of Correction who joined the New York City Employees' Retirement System (NYCERS) between July 27, 1976 and March 31, 2012, and (2) members of the Uniformed Force of the NYC Department of Correction, members of the Uniformed Force of the NYC Department of Sanitation and investigator members employed in a District Attorney office (DA Investigators) who first became subject to Article 14 (Tier 3) on or after April 1, 2012 or first join NYCERS on or after April 1, 2012 (22-Year Plan members).

INTRODUCTION

When you prepare for retirement, you need answers to several questions:

- ▶ Do you want to provide continuing retirement income to your spouse, partner or survivor(s) after your death?
- ▶ What is the cost of continuing this income?
- ▶ What is the effect on your retirement allowance?

If you choose, you can provide for continuing income to your designated beneficiary by selecting an option. By selecting an option, you accept a reduced lifetime retirement allowance in exchange for the payment of a benefit to your designated beneficiary upon your death.

The following information explains the options available to you. NYCERS cannot tell you which option, if any, you should select. Your retirement needs are unique to your situation. Representatives in NYCERS' Customer Service Center will try to answer your questions regarding options and other matters pertaining to your retirement. However, you and only you can make the option choice that's right for you.

If you do not select an option, you will be awarded the Maximum Retirement Allowance.

NO OPTION

(Maximum Retirement Allowance)

If you have no spouse, partner or children who depend on you for financial support, you may decide not to select an option. If you cannot afford to receive a reduced pension, you might wish to maximize your retirement income by electing to receive the Maximum Retirement Allowance. There is no reduction in benefit associated with this election.

Your retirement benefit will depend primarily on:

- ▶ the pension plan in which you are enrolled; (for example: the basic Tier 3 plan, the 20-Year Retirement Program for Correction Members Below the Rank of Captain, etc.)
- ▶ the amount of service to your credit in NYCERS
- ▶ your Final Average Salary
- ▶ your contributions
- ▶ your age

Based on these factors, NYCERS computes the Maximum Retirement Allowance.

The Maximum Retirement Allowance provides the greatest benefit payment to you while you are retired, for as long as you live. However, under the Maximum Retirement Allowance, no further payments will be made after your death.

IN SUMMARY:

The Maximum Retirement Allowance:

1. is the largest amount that is payable to you at the time of retirement
2. is payable to you for life
3. does not permit the designation of a beneficiary
4. ceases upon your death, with no benefit payable to a beneficiary

OPTION 1

(100% Joint-and-Survivor)

Option 1 is intended for the retiree who wishes to insure that after his or her death, a designated beneficiary will continue to receive a fixed annual lifetime benefit.

Option 1 reduces your Maximum Retirement Allowance, with the provision that upon your death the same reduced retirement allowance is continued to your surviving designated beneficiary for life.

Under Option 1, the retirement allowance is paid to you no matter how long you live. Then upon your death payments continue to your surviving designated beneficiary for as long as he or she lives.

Options for Tier 3 Members including 22-Year Plan #925 - Page 1



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Because Option 1 guarantees two specific people an income for life, the life expectancies of the retiree as well as the beneficiary are taken into consideration. Therefore, under Option 1, once you designate a beneficiary and the option is in force, you cannot change your beneficiary designation. Even if your designated beneficiary dies before you, you may not designate another person. You will continue to receive the reduced lifetime allowance.

Note: Option reduction factors are based on the ages of the member and the designated beneficiary at retirement. The examples herein are for illustrative purposes only, and are given to show the relative cost of the various options. They are not intended to represent your actual retirement allowance.

To Illustrate:

	\$20,000	Maximum Retirement Allowance
x	0.8459	Option 1 reduction factor
	\$16,918	Annual retirement allowance payable under Option 1

In this illustration, the retiree would receive a lifetime retirement allowance of \$16,918 per year. When the retiree dies, the surviving designated beneficiary will be paid the same retirement allowance for his or her lifetime.

If the designated beneficiary predeceases the retiree, all payments would then end upon the death of the retiree.

IN SUMMARY:

The Option 1 retirement allowance:

1. is a reduced benefit
2. is payable to you for life
3. guarantees that the same lifetime benefit is payable to your designated beneficiary if he or she survives you
4. ceases after the death of both you and your designated beneficiary
5. does not permit you to change your designated beneficiary

**OPTION 2
(10%-90% Joint-and-Survivor)**

Option 2 is intended for the retiree who wishes to insure that after his or her death a designated beneficiary will continue to receive a fixed annual lifetime benefit.

Option 2 provides a reduced Maximum Retirement Allowance. A retirement allowance of 90% or less (in increments of not less than 10%) of the amount paid to the retiree is continued to his or her surviving designated beneficiary for life. The Option 2 reduction is not as great as the Option 1 reduction, because the surviving beneficiary receives a lesser percentage of the retiree's allowance.

Because Option 2 guarantees two specific people an income for life, the life expectancies of the retiree as well as the beneficiary are taken into consideration. Therefore, under Option 2, once you designate a beneficiary, and the option is in force, you cannot change your beneficiary designation. Even if your designated beneficiary dies before you, you may not designate another person. You will continue to receive the reduced lifetime allowance.

To Illustrate:

	\$20,000	Maximum Retirement Allowance
x	0.8578	Option 2 reduction factor (retiree selected 80%)
	\$17,156	Annual retirement allowance payable under Option 2

In this illustration, the retiree would receive a lifetime retirement allowance of \$17,156 per year. When he or she dies, the surviving designated beneficiary will be paid \$13,725 per year (80% of \$17,156).

All payments cease upon the death of the retiree, if the designated beneficiary predeceases him or her.

IN SUMMARY:

The Option 2 retirement allowance:

1. is a reduced benefit
2. is payable to you for life
3. guarantees that a percentage of your retirement allowance is payable to your designated beneficiary for his or her lifetime, if he or she survives you
4. ceases after the death of both you and your designated beneficiary
5. does not permit you to change your designated beneficiary

OPTION 3 (Five-Year Certain)

The retiree receives a reduced monthly lifetime benefit. If the retiree dies within five years from the date of retirement, the reduced monthly retirement benefit will continue to be paid to the surviving designated primary beneficiary for the unexpired balance of the five-year period. If the designated primary beneficiary predeceases the retiree, then upon the death of the retiree the balance of the payments due for the remainder of the five-year period is paid in a lump sum to the retiree's contingent beneficiary. If none exists, it is paid in a lump sum to the estate of the retiree.

Should a designated primary beneficiary die after having started to receive payments, the remainder of the five-year period will be paid in a lump sum to the designated contingent beneficiary. If none exists, the lump-sum balance is paid to the estate of the primary beneficiary.

Options for Tier 3 Members including 22-Year Plan #925 - Page 2

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IN SUMMARY:

The Option 3 retirement allowance:

1. is a reduced benefit
2. pays your beneficiary a reduced monthly benefit, if you should die within five years from the date of your retirement. Payments continue until the five-year period is expired.
3. allows payment to your contingent beneficiary, if your designated primary beneficiary predeceases you
or
if there is no contingent beneficiary, a lump sum will be paid to your estate
4. pays a lump-sum balance to your contingent beneficiary, if your primary beneficiary begins to collect your retirement benefit and then dies within five years from the date of your retirement
or
if there is no contingent beneficiary, the lump-sum balance will be paid to the estate of your primary beneficiary

OPTION 4 (Ten-Year Certain)

The retiree receives a reduced monthly lifetime benefit. If the retiree dies within 10 years from the date of retirement, the reduced monthly retirement benefit will continue to be paid to the surviving designated primary beneficiary for the unexpired balance of the 10-year period. If the designated primary beneficiary predeceases the retiree, then upon the death of the retiree the balance of the payments due for the remainder of the ten-year period is paid in a lump sum to the retiree's contingent beneficiary. If none exists, it is paid in a lump sum to the estate of the retiree.

Should a designated primary beneficiary die after having started to receive payments, the balance of the payments due for the remainder of the 10-year period will be paid in a lump-sum to the designated contingent beneficiary. If none exists, the lump-sum balance is paid to the estate of the primary beneficiary.

IN SUMMARY:

The Option 4 retirement allowance:

1. is a reduced benefit
2. pays your beneficiary a reduced monthly benefit, if you should die within ten years from the date of your retirement. Payments continue until the 10-year period is expired.
3. allows payment to your contingent beneficiary, if your designated primary beneficiary predeceases you
or
if there is no contingent beneficiary, a lump sum will be paid to your estate

4. pays a lump-sum balance to your contingent beneficiary, if your primary beneficiary begins to collect your retirement benefit and then dies within 10 years from the date of your retirement
or
if there is no contingent beneficiary, the lump-sum balance will be paid to the estate of your primary beneficiary

OPTION 5 (Pop-Up Option - 100% or 50%)

Option 5 is known as the "Pop-Up" option. Option 5 is the 100% or 50% Joint-and-Survivor Option with an added feature -- if the retiree elects Option 5 and the designated beneficiary dies before him or her, the retiree's benefit will "pop up" to the Maximum Retirement Allowance.

To Illustrate:

	\$20,000	Maximum Retirement Allowance
x	0.8200	Option 5 reduction factor
	\$16,400	Annual retirement allowance payable under Option 5

In this illustration, the retiree will receive a reduced lifetime retirement allowance of \$16,400 per year. If the retiree dies before the designated beneficiary, the beneficiary will continue to receive either the same (100%) lifetime annual retirement allowance (\$16,400) or one-half (50%) of the lifetime annual retirement allowance (\$8,200), depending on the retiree's selection. However, if the designated beneficiary dies before the retiree, the retiree's annual retirement allowance will "pop up" to the Maximum Retirement Allowance of \$20,000. All payments will then cease upon the retiree's death.

Under Option 5, you cannot change your beneficiary after your option selection is in force.

IN SUMMARY:

The Option 5 retirement allowance:

1. is a reduced benefit
2. is payable to you for life
3. pays your beneficiary either the same (100%) or reduced (50%) lifetime benefit, if he or she survives you,
or
increases your retirement allowance to pop up to the Maximum Retirement Allowance, payable for the rest of your life, if your beneficiary predeceases you

Options for Tier 3 Members including 22-Year Plan #925 - Page 3



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Mezzanine level



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Long Island City, NY 11101



(347) 643-3000



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Retirement Option Election Form - Tier 3 and 22-Year Plan Members - Maximum, Option 1, Option 2, and Option 5

This Retirement Option Election Form allows you to elect either the Maximum Retirement Allowance or an option that provides a continuing benefit to your designated beneficiary after your death. By electing a retirement option, you will receive a reduced retirement benefit. If you do not choose an option **within 60 days** of receiving NYCERS' Option letter, you will automatically be retired under the interim option you selected. Submit **ONLY ONE** Retirement Option Election form.

If you wish to make an election on this form, complete this form in its entirety, sign it, have it notarized, and send it to NYCERS at the mailing address above. If you wish to file this form in person, visit our Customer Service Center on the Mezzanine level of 340 Jay Street in downtown Brooklyn. **NOTE: If the address you provide on this form is different from your address in our system, the new address will become your official address in our records.** If you have any questions regarding this form, please contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000.

Member Number	OR	Pension Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]
				/ /
First Name		M.I.	Last Name	
In Care of (if applicable)				Daytime Phone Number
				()
Address				Apt. Number
City			State	Zip Code

ELECT THE MAXIMUM RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE

Maximum I elect to receive the maximum lifetime retirement allowance payable to me. I understand that all payments cease upon my death, and that under this option I cannot elect a beneficiary.

--OR--

ELECT A JOINT-AND-SURVIVOR OPTION (choose only one)

The option you elect is important to both you and your beneficiary. Please read the option descriptions below and elect the option that best meets your needs. Double-check that you have marked the box for the option you wish to elect and that you have provided beneficiary information, because you are determining how your pension will be paid. Do not alter anything on this form, as that will render it invalid. NYCERS requires proof of birthdate for your beneficiary, as well as additional valid documentation, such as a marriage certificate(s), for all names that your beneficiary has been known by that are different from the name on the birthdate evidence you submit.

Option 1 Joint-and-Survivor 100% I elect to receive a reduced lifetime retirement allowance. If I die before my beneficiary, the same monthly amount will continue to be paid to him or her for life. If my beneficiary predeceases me, all payments will cease upon my death. I understand that I cannot change my beneficiary once this option election is in force.

Option 2 Joint-and-Survivor 10% - 90% I elect to receive a reduced lifetime retirement allowance. If I die before my beneficiary, a percentage of my retirement allowance will continue to be paid to him or her for life. If my beneficiary predeceases me, all payments will cease upon my death. I understand that I cannot change my beneficiary once this option is in force. **[You must put a percentage in an increment of 10% in the box below in order for Option 2 election to be valid.]**

The percentage I wish to be continued to my beneficiary is %

Sign this form and have it notarized, Page 2



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101

Member Number	OR	Pension Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN

Option 5 Pop-Up Joint-and-Survivor 100% I elect to receive a reduced lifetime retirement allowance. If I die before my beneficiary, the same monthly amount will continue to be paid to him or her for life. If my beneficiary predeceases me, my allowance will be changed to the Maximum amount and all payments will cease upon my death. I understand that I cannot change my beneficiary once this option election is in force.

Option 5 Pop-Up Joint-and-Survivor 50% I elect to receive a reduced lifetime retirement allowance. If I die before my beneficiary, one-half (50%) of my retirement allowance will continue to him or her for life. If my beneficiary predeceases me, my allowance will be changed to the Maximum amount and all payments will cease upon my death. I understand that I cannot change my beneficiary once this option is in force.

DESIGNATE YOUR BENEFICIARY FOR JOINT-AND-SURVIVOR OPTION

Please provide information about your beneficiary below. Use your beneficiary's given name (Mary Smith, not Mrs. John Smith). Only one beneficiary may be named in a Joint-and-Survivor or Pop-Up Option. **[If you elected the Maximum Allowance on page 1, do not provide any beneficiary information below.]**

First Name	M.I.	Last Name

Full Social Security Number	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]	Relationship
	/ /	

In Care of (if applicable)

Address	Apt. Number

City	State	Zip Code

If this beneficiary is a minor, check here and complete the guardian information on **Form #137**. If Form #137 is not submitted, NYCERS will require Letters of Guardianship for the Estate of a minor in order to pay a benefit to the minor.

Signature of Member	Date

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared

before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____

Official Title _____

Expiration Date of Commission _____

Sign this form and have it notarized, THIS PAGE



Mail completed form to:
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Long Island City, NY 11101



**Designation of Guardian
When Designating a Minor as Beneficiary**

By Designating a guardian under the Uniform Transfer to Minor's Act for a minor beneficiary on this form, you eliminate the need for formal guardianship proceedings upon your death.

This form may be used in conjunction with any of NYCERS' Designation of Beneficiary Forms (such as form 131,133,134)

NOTE: If the address you provide on this form is different from your address in our system, the new address will become your official address in our records.

Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Date of Birth [MM/DD/YYYY]
		/ /

Member Information:

First Name	M.I.	Last Name
Address		Apt. Number
City	State	Zip Code

Guardian Information:

I, the undersigned member of NYCERS, hereby designate

First Name	M.I.	Last Name
Address		Apt. Number
City	State	Zip Code

as Guardian, for the below named Minor, under the Uniform Transfer to Minor's Act on the Designation of Beneficiary form filed with NYCERS.

Minor's First Name	M.I.	Minor's Last Name

If additional space is needed, continue on the next page

Sign this form and have it notarized, Page 2



Mail completed form to:
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Member Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN

Guardian Information:

I further designate

First Name	M.I.	Last Name
Address		Apt. Number
City	State	Zip Code

as Guardian, for the below named Minor, under the Uniform Transfer to Minor's Act on the Designation of Beneficiary form filed with NYCERS.

Minor's First Name	M.I.	Minor's Last Name

Signature of Member	Date

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared

before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

If you have an official seal, affix it

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____

Official Title _____

Expiration Date of Commission _____

Sign this form and have it notarized, THIS PAGE

R12/16

WALK-IN CENTER 340 Jay Street
Brooklyn, NY 11201
(347) 643-3000

Skip a Trip to NYCERS!
Activate your secure MyNYCERS account at
www.nycers.org

MAIL ONLY -- NO DROP-OFF 30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101

Page 2 of 2



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THIS FORM

- > If you need assistance completing this form please contact NYCERS at 347-643-3000.
- > Complete the Designation of Guardian form in ink or type. Except for signature, please print all items.
- > At the top of the form, print your Membership #, last 4 digits of Social Security #, Date of Birth, name and complete address.
- > You may designate a different guardian for each minor named as your beneficiary. Be sure to indicate the full names of the minor and the corresponding guardian.
- > The guardian(s) you designate will be required to set up a specific bank account (a Uniform Transfer to Minor's Act account, or UTMA account) in order to obtain the benefit, which will be paid only by Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT).
- > Be sure to sign the form, in the space provided for **Signature of Member**, in the presence of a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds.
- > Page 2 of this form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds.
- > **Do Not** make erasures, use white-out or cross-out any typed or printed information on this form, inasmuch as it renders the form invalid.
- > You may not name a Trustee or your estate as guardian.
- > You must return all pages of this form even if you have intentionally left portions blank. You do not have to return the Instruction Page if you received or downloaded it as a stand alone page.

Sign this form and have it notarized, Page 2

R12/16

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Instruction page



Taxation of Payments Received From NYCERS

VERSION JULY 2010

General

NYCERS' benefit payments (monthly retirement allowances, loans and excess refunds) are subject to Federal taxes, but are exempt from New York State and local income taxes if your primary residence is within New York State. If you are not a resident of New York State, you should check with your state tax authority to determine the taxability, if any, of the benefit payments you will be receiving from NYCERS.

Pensions

Pension payments received from NYCERS are subject to Federal income taxes, but part of it may be excludable. Shortly after you begin receiving your full pension payment, NYCERS will send you a Retirement Resolution that details the amount of tax-free contributions that are used in the calculation of your retirement benefit. Contributions may be tax-free because they were taxed when deducted from your paycheck, so they are not subject to a second taxing. An example could be voluntary contributions that Tier 1 and Tier 2 members make to enhance their retirement benefit. An example for Tier 3 and Tier 4 members may be the purchase of previous service paid for by payroll deductions or lump sum (other than by rollover from a qualified Deferred Compensation Plan). Each year thereafter, NYCERS will send you a 1099R that will include this same information for that specific tax year.

Because the IRS considers your pension payments to be a source of income, you are required to pay Federal taxes. When filing for retirement you may choose to automatically have these taxes withheld or to make quarterly payments to avoid a penalty at the end of the year.

Once you are retired, if you choose to change the amount of your withholdings please obtain and submit NYCERS Form #349 (Application to Change Federal Income Tax Withholding), which is available on our website, in our Customer Service Center or through our Call Center.

Loans At Retirement

According to IRS regulations, any loan taken at or near retirement must be treated like a retirement distribution and, therefore, is subject to Federal taxation. However, the taxable amount may be rolled over to an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) or Employer Plan in order to temporarily avoid Federal income tax consequences. The taxable distribution is outlined on the Election of Payment Notice sent to you by NYCERS.

For those who choose not to roll over the taxable amount, NYCERS is required to deduct 20% Federal withholding tax on the taxable portion before issuing the check. In addition to being taxable at the member's normal tax rate, if you have not reached the age of 55 and you choose not to roll over the taxable portion, you will also be subject to an IRS early distribution penalty tax of 10% when you file your Federal tax return.

Please note that if you have a prior outstanding loan at retirement on a repayment schedule of five years or less, the balance may also be taxable and eligible for you to roll over on your own. Two to three months after your effective date of retirement, you will receive a letter from NYCERS advising you of the taxable amount of the prior outstanding loan. This letter will remind you that you may defer your Federal tax liability by rolling over the taxable amount to an IRA or Employer Plan. You will have 60 days from the date of notification to roll over the taxable portion of your prior outstanding loan; otherwise, you will have to claim it as income on your Federal return.

Rollover

You should retain any records that identify NYCERS as the source of funds that have been rolled over in order to avoid New York State income tax on future withdrawals. The distribution rules, restrictions, and tax consequences for the institution you choose may differ. NYCERS is a Qualified Pension Plan under §401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Tier 1 and Tier 2 Excess At Retirement

This section is only applicable to Tier 1 and Tier 2 members.

Excess refers to contributions and interest credited to your member account after you have met the minimum required years of service for your plan. Excess begins to accumulate January 1st of the year following the year the minimum required years of service for your retirement plan has been met. Being able to withdraw your excess does not mean you have met the required amount needed in your account to avoid a deficit. All excess refund applications must be received by NYCERS before your retirement date in order to be processed. Refunds may be subject to Federal taxation.

The taxable amount is outlined on the Election of Payment Notice sent to you by NYCERS. You may temporarily avoid the Federal income tax consequences by rolling over the taxable portion of the excess into an Individual Retirement Account (IRA) or qualified Employer Plan.

If you choose not to roll over the taxable amount, NYCERS is required to deduct 20% Federal withholding tax on the taxable portion before issuing the check. In addition to being taxable at the member's normal tax rate, if you have not reached age 55 and you choose not to roll over the taxable portion, you will also be subject to an IRS early distribution penalty tax of 10% when you file your Federal tax return.

When You Receive Payments From NYCERS, Remember:

- NYCERS' benefit payments are exempt from State and local income taxes if you live in the State of New York
- All NYCERS' benefit payments are subject to Federal taxes
- You may temporarily avoid Federal taxes by rolling over the taxable amount to an IRA or Employer Plan
- Keep all records that identify NYCERS as the source of funds that have been rolled over

Brochure #897



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Mezzanine level



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PROCESSING DEATH BENEFITS

LAST UPDATE DECEMBER 2009

Does NYCERS have to be notified when a member or retiree dies?

YES. When a NYCERS member or retiree dies, it is understandably a difficult time for family and friends. Since the family and/or friends are likely to be the intended recipients of death benefits payable from NYCERS, it is important that NYCERS be notified as soon as possible. Notification of a member's or retiree's death triggers a multi-step procedure by NYCERS to process any death benefits payable.

Who should notify NYCERS about the death of one of its members or retirees?

Anyone can notify NYCERS of the death of a member or retiree. Often the surviving spouse, another family member or a friend makes the first contact with NYCERS. If a member dies while still in City service, sometimes the member's employing agency may notify NYCERS.

How is NYCERS notified?

NYCERS can be notified in a few different ways. The fastest method is to complete a simple online form on our website at www.nycers.org. You may also contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000 or visit our Customer Service Center at 340 Jay Street in downtown Brooklyn (an appointment can be scheduled online at www.nycers.org).

What type of information does NYCERS need when a death is reported?

In order to begin the process of identifying the decedent and his or her beneficiary(ies), and determining the death benefits payable, NYCERS will need some general information including:

- ✓ the full name of the decedent
- ✓ the decedent's member number or pension number

- ✓ the last four digits of the decedent's Social Security number
- ✓ the date of death
- ✓ the place of death (City/State/Country)
- ✓ the decedent's address
- ✓ the informant's information
- ✓ the next of kin (including his or her address)

All of this information can be provided when reporting a death online. If you are reporting a death by contacting our Call Center or visiting our Customer Service Center, be sure to have this information readily available.

Are any documents required by NYCERS when a death is reported?

The person doing the reporting -- the informant -- is not required to submit any documentation at the time of reporting the death. However, documentation is required to process any claim for benefits; please see the next question and answer for details on the required documentation.

Once a death is reported, what types of documents are required to process a claim?

A certified Original Death Certificate must be submitted to NYCERS before any benefits are paid to a beneficiary. In addition, one or more of the following documents may be requested as the process unwinds. These documents are typically requested from the designated beneficiary(ies), the executor of the decedent's estate, or the next of kin:

- ✓ Claimants Statement Form (NYCERS will send this to the beneficiary, executor of the estate or next of kin)
- ✓ Rollover Letter (a payment election letter sent by NYCERS which contains options for the disbursement of the death benefit, e.g., lump sum, rollover, etc.)

Processing Death Benefits #702 - Page 1



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Mezzanine level



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- ✓ Tax Forms
- ✓ Tax Waiver
- ✓ Letters of Administration (if applicable, issued by the Surrogate's Court of the county in which the deceased pensioner resided).
- ✓ Guardianship papers
- ✓ Power of Attorney
- ✓ Vital Records (e.g., Social Security Card)

What is the procedure after NYCERS has been notified of a death?

The informant will receive an acknowledgement letter that explains the next step in the process. The letter may request the Death Certificate (if one hasn't already been filed) or request other information necessary to continue the member/retiree identification process. Once NYCERS identifies the member/retiree, a review of his or her retirement account is commenced to ascertain his or her retirement plan and the death benefit(s) payable under such plan.

The next step is identifying the designated beneficiary(ies) and attempting to contact him or her. Remember, the beneficiary may or may not be the person who reports the death to NYCERS.

If the informant is not one of the designated beneficiary(ies) on file with NYCERS, then all subsequent communication will be to the beneficiary(ies).

The length of time to identify a designated beneficiary depends on whether the deceased member/retiree had filed a Designation of Beneficiary(ies) form with NYCERS, whether or not the beneficiary names and addresses were kept current, and how soon the beneficiary(ies) responds to inquiries from NYCERS.

How long does it take to process benefits?

The time it takes to process a claim largely depends on how soon all of the verification procedures are completed by NYCERS and how soon the required forms are properly completed by the beneficiary(ies) and filed with NYCERS.

In the case of the death of an active member (a NYCERS member who died while still employed in City service), a

letter notifying all Designated Beneficiary(ies) of the benefit amount will be mailed no later than 75 days after NYCERS receives the certified Death Certificate. Payment of a benefit is then generally made within 45 days of NYCERS' receipt of the completed claim form.

In the case of the death of a NYCERS retiree, the process generally takes 90 days. The 90 days is from the point of sending an acknowledgement letter to the beneficiary, and receiving the death certificate and claim form, to paying the benefit to the beneficiary and/or survivor in the case of a benefit payable under an option selection.



After Retirement





Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101

Member Number	Pension Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN

The address below is a new address to which I want the replacement check and all future checks mailed.

In Care of (if Applicable)

Address	Apt. Number	
City	State	Zip Code

Signature of Member	Date

Pursuant to The Penal Code of the State of New York, offering a document containing false statements or false information constitutes a felony punishable by a maximum of 4 years imprisonment. All documents suspected of containing false statements will be referred to The New York City Department of Investigation for investigation.

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared
before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to
me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she
executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true. If you have an official seal, affix it

Signature of Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds _____ Official Title _____ Expiration Date of Commission _____	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100%; height: 50px;"></div>
---	---

THIS AREA FOR NYCERS USE ONLY

Month of	[MM/DD/YYYY] / /	LCA sent to C.O.	[MM/DD/YYYY] / /	
Amount \$	[]	Stop Payment on	[MM/DD/YYYY] / /	Paid [MM/DD/YYYY] / /
MICR #	[]	Serial # or	[] / [] - []	



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101

If your lost check is for a:

- Tier 3, 4 or 6 Loan, or
- Refund (all tiers), or
- Lump-Sum Survivor Benefit (Death in Service), or
- Lump-Sum Pensioner Survivor Benefit

you can receive your replacement check by EFT

Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) is an Easy, Fast, Trouble-free way to have your payment deposited directly into your checking or savings account.

Why EFT?

- It is EASY: No trips to the bank in bad weather; no waiting in line to deposit the check.
- It is SAFE: No risk of a lost or stolen check.
- It is FAST: No waiting for the check to clear -- the money is available immediately to make it easier for you to meet your obligations, regardless of storms or natural disasters.

How to set up EFT for your replacement check:

- Complete the first two pages of this form to report your lost check.
- Fill out the form on the back of this page to provide your banking information. Follow the instructions carefully.
- Mail or bring this completed form to NYCERS.

A lost rollover check cannot be replaced by EFT, only by a paper check.

PENSIONERS, PLEASE NOTE: If you are receiving your monthly pension payment by PAPER CHECK, you cannot use this form to request direct deposit. Your replacement payment will be issued as a paper check. If you would like your FUTURE monthly payments to be direct-deposited, you must complete and submit this form (Form 399) to report your lost check AND Form 380 -- Authorization for Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT). Form 380 can be downloaded from our website at www.nycers.org.

EFT....an Extremely Fast Transaction

Earning Limitations for Service Retirees

All Tiers



NYC EMPLOYEES'
RETIREMENT SYSTEM

May 2023

Service retirees who are returning to public service within New York City or New York State may be subject to earnings limitations. In general, Sections 211 and 212 of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL) govern re-employment by service retirees and earnings limitations based on various factors such as the source of income (public, private, or public benefit corporation), a retiree's age, and the issuance of a waiver (RSSL §211 only).

New York State Retirement and Social Security Law §211

This section covers service retirees hired for "hard-to-fill" positions. To be covered under RSSL §211, your prospective employer must obtain a waiver, known as a 211 Waiver, from an authorized agency. The Department of Citywide Administrative Services issues 211 Waivers for most City agencies. Service retirees must submit a copy of the 211 Waiver to NYCERS. The amount you may earn while employed by your former employer* without loss, suspension or reduction of your retirement allowance is the difference between:

1. The maximum pension portion of your retirement allowance (plus cost-of-living adjustments); and
2. The salary on which your retirement allowance was based or the maximum salary you currently would be receiving in the position from which you last retired if you had not retired, whichever is greater.

* Under Section 211, there are no earnings limitations for retirees who are hired by a different employer. **Note:** The City of New York is considered a single employer. Therefore, if you retired from one City agency and are considering working for a different City agency, it is generally considered the same employer under RSSL Section 211. For a list of NYCERS participating employers, visit www.nycers.org/glossary#pe.

New York State Retirement and Social Security Law §212

Under RSSL §212, if you are under age 65 and return to public service or are elected or appointed to any public office within New York City or New York State, you are subject to earnings limitations. In the year 2020 and thereafter, the amount you may earn without loss, suspension or reduction of your retirement allowance is \$35,000 (subject to change by an act of the NYS Legislature). If your earnings exceed \$35,000 in a calendar year, your pension will be suspended for the remainder of that calendar year.

There are no earnings limitations starting in the calendar year in which you turn 65 OR if you work for:

- The private sector
- The Federal government
- A public agency in another state or municipality outside of New York State
- A public agency in New York City or New York State, but only if you retired from the NYC Transit Authority
- A public school in New York City or New York State**

There are no earnings limitations if you return to work at a public benefit corporation (such as NYC Health + Hospitals and the NYC Transit Authority, etc.). However, each agency has its own policy about re-employing service retirees so you should contact the agency directly for more information. For a full list of public benefit corporations, visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org/glossary#pbc.

You must file Form #353 with NYCERS electing to have the provisions of RSSL §212 apply. If you do not file Form #353, you are subject to an earnings limitation of no more than \$1,800 per year, including any pension earned. You only need to file Form #353 once to be covered by the provisions of RSSL §212. If you are returning to public service within New York City or New York State in the calendar year in which you turn 65, or after, you must file Form #353 even though you are not subject to earnings limitations.

Pursuant to Civil Service Law §150, if an elected official retires and accepts appointment, is re-elected, or takes a new oath of office to the same elective public office from which they retired, they are subject to the earnings limitations in RSSL §212 – even if they are over age 65 or have filed Form #353.

Membership in a New York City or New York State Public Retirement System

If you return to City service in a NYCERS-eligible position, you have 90 days from the date of appointment to rejoin NYCERS if you wish to become a member again. If you do not rejoin NYCERS within the 90-day period, you will not be eligible to rejoin for the entire period of your post-retirement employment, and you will not receive credit for any service rendered after returning.

If you are covered by RSSL §§211 or 212 and join a New York State or New York City public retirement system other than NYCERS, the pension portion of your retirement allowance is suspended for the entire period of your membership. Various laws and NYCERS' rules govern post-retirement earnings limitations for disability retirees. This brochure details such limitations. Please refer to the section of this brochure applicable to your tier.

****Chapter 56 of the Laws of 2022 (Budget Bill: Part HH) (as amended by Part V of Chapter 55 of the Laws of 2023) amends the RSSL to waive §§ 211 & 212 approval and income limitations on retirees as a result of earnings from employment in public schools in the state. This will remain in effect from 04/09/22 and shall expire and be deemed repealed 06/30/24.**



Returning to Public Service After Retirement

This brochure provides information for NYCERS service retirees who return to public service within New York City or New York State. Please read the information below and contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000 with any questions.

If You Return to Public Service in a Title Covered by NYCERS

If you return to public service in a title covered by NYCERS, you are eligible to rejoin NYCERS as a **Restored Pensioner**.

If you choose to rejoin NYCERS, **you must submit Form #352, Election by a Retiree Reentering City Service to Rejoin NYCERS, within 90 days of your reemployment date.** You must also submit a **Membership Application (Form #101 for Tier 1 and 2 retirees; Form #103 for Tier 3, 4 and 6 retirees).**

Your pension will be suspended during your reemployment. You will receive a new member number and will be placed back into the Tier you were in when you retired and in the plan applicable to your new title. Your membership date will be the clock-in date of your new application.

Member Contributions

You may be required to contribute to your plan when you rejoin. The amount you contribute will be based on the Tier and plan you are placed in when you rejoin.

Outstanding Loan

If you had an outstanding loan at retirement, upon returning to City service and becoming a restored pensioner, all prior loans must be repaid. NYCERS will take deductions from your paycheck until your loan is paid in full. Although an outstanding loan stops accruing interest upon your first retirement, when you restore your membership, interest will begin to accrue again. Therefore, we strongly recommend that you notify NYCERS of any outstanding loan upon becoming a Restored Pensioner to confirm that deductions will be taken from your pay check. In addition, if you do not see loan deductions taken out of your paycheck, it is recommended you immediately notify NYCERS. When you retire from your reemployment, your original retirement allowance will be recalculated to reflect your repayment of any prior loan.

New Loan(s)

You are eligible to take a new loan as long as you have met the minimum loan requirements under your Tier. For loan purposes, your new membership is considered a continued membership, but there must be at least a one-year lapse since your last loan.

Retirement Benefit

1.

If you retire with less than three years of service after restoration, you will not be allowed to re-choose an option under your previous benefit. That benefit will resume and you will also be entitled to a new additional pension (with a choice of a new option on the additional benefit) based on the restored period of service.

Returning to Public Service After Retirement – Brochure #984 – Page 1



340 Jay Street, Brooklyn, NY
Mezzanine level



www.nycers.org



(347) 643-3000



30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101

NYCERS WALK-IN and CALL CENTER Hours: Monday & Wednesday 8 am – 6 pm | Tuesday & Thursday 8 am – 5 pm | Friday 8 am – 3 pm

If You Return to Public Service in a Title Covered by Another City or State Retirement System

You must notify NYCERS if you return to public service in a title covered by another City or State retirement system. If you join the other retirement system, you must notify NYCERS, and your NYCERS pension will be suspended during your employment. You will be eligible to join the other retirement system in the same Tier that you were in when you retired from NYCERS. When you retire from the other retirement system, your NYCERS pension will be reinstated.

If You Return to Public Service and Do Not Rejoin NYCERS or Join Another City or State Retirement System

If you do not rejoin NYCERS or join another retirement system, you may be subject to certain earnings limitations. Once you have reached your annual earnings limitation, your pension will be suspended for the remainder of the calendar year. These limitations are described in NYCERS Fact Sheet #958, Earning Limitations for Service Retirees.

Option Insurance

When you retired, you may have elected an option that pays a continuing benefit after your death. That option will no longer be in effect once your pension is suspended. If you die while your pension is suspended, your beneficiary will not be entitled to receive a monthly allowance.

You may choose to protect the benefit payable under such option during periods of suspension by electing Option Insurance. Whether or not you rejoin NYCERS or join another retirement system after returning to public service in New York City or New York State, if you chose an option at retirement, you will receive a letter giving you the opportunity to purchase Option Insurance; the letter will provide the monthly cost and the necessary form. You will have 60 days from the date of the letter to elect the insurance.

Returning to Public Service After Retirement – Brochure #984 – Page 2



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Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

ALL TIERS

COLA stands for Cost-of-Living Adjustment. This is an annual adjustment to your retirement allowance that is based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Certain pensioners are eligible to receive a COLA which is paid every September.

Who is eligible to receive a COLA?

- ▶ Disability retirees, regardless of age, who have been retired for at least 5 years
- ▶ Service retirees who are at least age 62 AND who have been retired for at least 5 years
- ▶ Service retirees who are at least age 55 AND who have been retired for at least 10 years
- ▶ Beneficiaries receiving an Accidental Death Benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving that benefit for at least 5 years
- ▶ Spouses receiving a joint-and-survivor option benefit are eligible to receive 50% of the monthly COLA for which the retiree would have been eligible

Who is not eligible for a COLA?

- ▶ A surviving spouse who is a Designated Annuitant (DA) of a retiree who died on or after January 1, 1980
- ▶ Most Tier 3 retirees because the statutory escalation they are receiving is greater than the COLA which would otherwise be payable
- ▶ Non-spouse beneficiaries
- ▶ Beneficiaries of pensioners who chose the 5- or 10-Year Certain Option

How is the COLA increase calculated?

The COLA calculation is based on 50% of the CPI. This figure is then multiplied by either \$18,000 or your Annual Maximum Retirement Allowance (including any prior years' COLA payments), whichever is less.

How does my COLA relate to the CPI?

The CPI is generally considered the best measure for adjusting payments to consumers when the intent is to allow consumers to have equivalent purchasing power for goods or services, even though prices for goods and services may have risen from year to year. The law specifically states that the COLA amount shall not be less than 1% nor more than 3% in any year, and will be based on:

- ▶ The CPI for each calendar year;
- ▶ 50% of the annual inflation rate (as determined by the CPI) from the 12-month period ending March 31st in the year in which the COLA is paid

How can I have my pension check deposited directly to my bank account?

NYCERS can deposit your check directly into your bank account via EFT (Electronic Fund Transfer). It's easy, reliable and safe. Go to www.nycers.org, download Form #380, complete and mail it in. Be sure to include a voided preprinted check or savings deposit slip.

Where can I find more information?

- ▶ Visit NYCERS' website at www.nycers.org to access our brochures, forms and publications.
- ▶ Sign up for MyNYCERS. MyNYCERS account holders with a registered PIN can view 15 months of benefit payments, including health insurance deductions and Federal tax withholding. With MyNYCERS you can go online to change your address and Federal tax withholding; you can also print a copy of your Award Letter and latest 1099R tax form. Register for a MyNYCERS account and PIN at www.nycers.org.
- ▶ Visit our Customer Service Center at 340 Jay Street in downtown Brooklyn or contact our Call Center at (347) 643-3000.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) #707



340 Jay Street, Brooklyn, NY
Mezzanine level



30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101



(347) 643-3000



www.nycers.org



Mail completed form to:
30-30 47th Avenue, 10th Fl
Long Island City, NY 11101



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Change of Address Form

This application is for members who wish to change their address that NYCERS has on file. Should you have any questions regarding this application, please contact our Call Center at 347-643-3000.

Member Number	OR	Pension Number	Last 4 Digits of SSN	Phone Number
				()
First Name		M.I.	Last Name	

New Address:

IN CARE OF (IF APPLICABLE)

Address	Apt. Number	
City	State	Zip Code

Previous Address:

IN CARE OF (IF APPLICABLE)

Address	Apt. Number	
City	State	Zip Code

If you are currently receiving monthly payments from NYCERS, check one of the following boxes only.

- Continue sending my check to the bank.
- OR**
- Cancel sending my check to the bank.
Please send my check to my new address, as listed above.

Signature of Member	Date

This form must be acknowledged before a Notary Public or Commissioner of Deeds

State of _____ County of _____ On this ____ day of _____ 20____, personally appeared
before me the above named, _____, to me known, and known to
me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he or she acknowledged to me that he or she
executed the same, and that the statements contained therein are true.

Signature of Notary Public or
Commissioner of Deeds _____
Official Title _____
Expiration Date of Commission _____

If you have an official seal, affix it

--

NYCERS CALL CENTER HOURS:

The Call Center (347-643-3000) is open Monday through Friday, 8 am to 5 pm, to answer questions and schedule consultations. Telephone and video consultations are available to maximize your health and safety. Due to increased volume, you may experience longer wait times, and voicemails may be returned after hours.

EXPANDED ONLINE SERVICES ARE NOW AVAILABLE

- The following forms can be submitted online at www.mynycers.org after registering (new MyNYCERS users) or re-registering (current MyNYCERS users) your online account. Registration instructions are provided on the website.
 - Loan (Tier 3, 4, 6)
 - Buyback
 - Change of Address and other contact information updates
 - Beneficiary and Guardian
 - Online Payment
 - Refunds
 - Federal Tax Withholding (retirees)
 - Direct Deposit (pension payments, loans, and refunds)
- New York City employees who are eligible for NYCERS membership and have not yet joined may submit a [NYCERS Membership Application online](#). Registration is not required.
- [All other forms can be downloaded HERE](#). Once you have completed the form you can upload it in your secure MyNYCERS account (log in and look for the link labeled "Upload a Form or Document"), or mail it to NYCERS at 30-30 47th Ave., Suite 1010, Long Island City, NY 11101. NYCERS also accepts forms and documents by fax to 347-643-3884, but please note that faxed documents will take longer to process. Fully completed forms may also be placed in a secure Drop Box at NYCERS' 340 Jay Street entrance Monday through Friday, 8 am to 5 pm.

Customer Service Hours #740



(347) 643-3000



www.nycers.org



MAIL

30-30 47th Ave., 10th Floor
Long Island City, NY 11101

CLIENT SERVICES

Walk-in Center

340 Jay Street, Mezzanine Level,
Brooklyn, NY 11201

Call Center

(347) 643-3000
1-877-6NYCERS
347-643-3501 - TTY (hearing impaired)

Business Hours

Monday - Friday 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM

WEBSITE

www.nycers.org

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